

# New Oxford Item.

H. I. SMITH, EDITOR.

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## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**DR. T. STRAHAN,**  
Physician and Surgeon, will attend to professional calls night or day. Office on Philadelphia street, near Centre Square, New Oxford.

**DR. M. D. BISHOP, DENTIST,**  
Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College. Office in New Oxford, Pa., on Philadelphia street, near Centre Square. Hours—8 a. m. to 12 m. 1 to 4 p. m.

**J. L. BUTT,**  
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**J. A. KITZMILLER,**  
(Successor to H. B. Woods, Esq.) ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, has removed his office to the second story of Spangler's building, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa., recently occupied by H. B. Woods, Esq. Will attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him.

**S. MC. SWOPE,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, opposite the court house. 17-2-82

**WM. ARCH. MCLEAN,**  
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**G. J. BENNER,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Office on Baltimore street, in rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Breuninger's Drug Store.

**CHAS. S. DUNCAN,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Will continue the practice of law at the office of his father, the late W. A. Duncan, on Baltimore street. All legal business entrusted to him will receive prompt attention. 8mar85

**WM. P. QUIMBY,**  
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May always be relied upon as a certain cure for liver troubles, constipation, sick headache, biliousness, dyspepsia, jaundice, and rheumatism. Unlike most cathartics, Ayer's Pills—acting on the stomach, liver, and bowels, and restore to these organs their normal and regular action. Taken in season, they check the progress of colds, fevers, and malaria. Being purely vegetable and sugar-coated, Ayer's Pills are

## The Favorite

family medicine, while travelers, both by sea and land, find them to be indispensable. "We sell more of Ayer's Pills than of all other kinds put together, and they give perfect satisfaction."—Christensen & Haaslow, Druggists, Baltimore, Wis.

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GEORGE SUNDAY, Proprietor. House thoroughly refitted and re-furnished. The bar stocked with choice wines, liquors and cigars, while the table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market affords. Ample stabling. 21aug80

**NATIONAL HOUSE, East Berlin,**  
WM. SUNDAY, Proprietor. Permanent and transient boarding at reasonable rates. Bar stocked with choice wines, liquors and cigars. Extensive stabling and an attentive hostler. 22aug90

**GLOBE HOTEL, Gettysburg,**  
F. S. HAMER, Proprietor. This old and well-known Hotel has been recently remodeled, refitted and refurnished. We are pleased to accommodate the whole public. Extensive stabling attached. YORK STREET, NEAR THE PUBLIC SQUARE. 21aug81

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JOHN E. HUGHES, Proprietor. This hotel has been rebuilt and refurnished with 53 comfortable rooms; private parlors and private dining rooms; hot and cold baths on second floor. Free to guests of the house is within 40 yards of the Square of the town; 3 minutes walk from either of the depots. It is among the best conducted hotels in Gettysburg. Travelers, business men, G. A. R. men and tourists will find it to their advantage to make this hotel their quarters. Full line of battle-dressed uniforms and uniforms of all classes, gloves for the field. Change of linens. Livery and feed stables connected with hotel. 21aug81

**CENTRAL HOTEL, Gettysburg,**  
Second floor from Court House. Having purchased and refitted the above well known Central Hotel, I take pleasure in asking you to call and give me a trial. Special rates to jurors and persons attending court. Satisfaction guaranteed. As I am confident that you will again patronize me after giving me a trial. Table supplied with all the market affords. Respectfully,  
JAMES O. McAVITT, Prop'r.

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## THE CURSE OF CHOLERA.

HOW THE PLAGUE CAN BE MITIGATED OR ITS EVILS AVERTED.

If that curse of the centuries the cholera, should gain a foothold on our shores it is doubtful if it would number as many victims as did the influenza two years ago. But the fact that it is the dreaded cholera, the plague of the last 2000 years in Europe and the East, will fill men's hearts with fear and foreboding and the death rate will be augmented as a result.

Under certain conditions there is little to fear from a visitation of this scourge of humanity. It is a disease of filth; it is a visible manifestation of the truth of the assertion that cleanliness is next to godliness. Cities and towns whose sanitary condition are as nearly perfect as it is possible to get them rarely suffer from a severe or prolonged visit from this disease.

On the other hand, the fields where in this scourge of the race runs riot are the disease breeding districts of Asiatic and European cities; the crowded districts where at all times the death rate is the greatest, and where the daily life of the inhabitants runs constantly through a gamut of impurity and filth which is practically incurable to inhabitants of the Western world.

Cholera is a preventable disease. It is not incurable, although the death rate depends largely upon a number of conditions, among them the surrounding filth of the patient and the condition of his system at the time of the attack. Cholera morbus is not cholera, neither is a case of simple diarrhoea. Cholera morbus, although there is a popular disposition nowadays to speak of every slight attack of purging and vomiting consequent upon impudence at the dining table as cholera morbus.

A severe case of cholera morbus is as much to be dreaded, and almost as likely to result fatally, as an attack of cholera. But during an epidemic of cholera even the slightest approach to an attack of simple diarrhoea is to be regarded as a warning, and not to be neglected. It is a very rare thing for an attack of cholera to be made without certain premonitory symptoms, the principle and almost unfailing one being a slight but persistent attack of what is popularly called Summer complaint.

Front observations during the cholera outbreak in Spain in the summer of 1885, a representative of the United States Government made the following report upon the susceptibility of certain persons to the disease:—

"In its choice of victims the cholera is most precise and definite. With rare exceptions they belong to one of the four following class of persons: Those who live under bad hygienic conditions with respect to food and lodgings; those who are imprudent with respect to eating, drinking and exposure; those weakened and debilitated by alcoholic excesses, and those who suffer from chronic digestive weakness or derangement.

"Among the imprudences which become dangerous in the presence of cholera are, overeating to the extent of producing lethargy or indigestion, or drinking any liquid so as to check the process of digestion, eating raw vegetables in the form of salads, and, in general, the use of raw fruit unless perfectly fresh and ripe. Drinking cold water or beer after having eaten raw fruit is a direct challenge to cholera which no person, no matter how strong and healthy, can afford to risk.

The susceptibility of drunkards to choleraic influences is proven by abundant evidence. Among them may be cited the fact of its sweeping fatality wherever it attacked inmates of inebriate asylums. Anything in fact whether of a temporary or chronic nature which impairs the vigor of the digestive organs exposes persons thus weakened to choleraic attack."

Cholera—which is defined by Dr. Stille, of Philadelphia, in his work on the disease, as "an epidemic disease characterized by the transudation of serum into the stomach and bowels, and usually by the profuse discharge by vomiting and purging of a liquid resembling rice-water, followed by a tendency to collapse"—as a rule chooses the middle-aged and elderly persons

for its victims in preference to the very young.

In its method of attack cholera, as a general thing, follows an almost unvarying course. The disease is preceded by simple diarrhoea, the dejections being, greater or less painless and copious. Its duration may last for several days or only for a few hours. Aside from this nothing denotes a tendency to the disease. Sometimes this premonitory symptom is lacking; occasionally vomiting occurs. Then follows the development of the disease proper. The attacks are made mostly in the night. If diarrhoea has existed the discharges are suddenly increased. They assume the character and appearance of rice-water; it is some times bloodstained.

There may or there may not be cramps in the limbs and abdomen. There is vomiting, and constantly increasing weakness. The vomiting is not preceded or accompanied by any nausea. The pulse is frequent and proportionately feeble, beating 120, 130, or 140, without increasing in frequency. Prostration follows, unless the symptoms are checked, and then collapse and death. This, in brief, is the story of the progress of an attack of cholera.

The necessity of paying immediate attention to the slightest attack of diarrhoea during the prevalence of an epidemic of cholera cannot be too firmly insisted on. The celebrated Dr. Austin Flint, speaking of this, says:—

"During the epidemic of 1849 I prescribed for as many cases of protracted diarrhoea as my physical endurance would permit. My practice was among the prudent classes and I had but ten cases of cholera during that epidemic. I prescribed for hundreds of cases of simple diarrhoea, not one of whom had an attack of cholera."

One of the most important documents ever issued by the State Board of Health was the one published broadcast in the Fall of 1885, when the cholera was devastating Northern Spain, and its advent here was dreaded. The text of the paper is given in full, as follows:—Filth is the home, nest and breeding place of cholera. The removal of filth beforehand is of infinitely more use than its attempted disinfection after the epidemic has begun. To this end it is essential:—

1. To examine the condition of all the public water supplies, and if pollution is discovered to cut off its source.
2. To examine the surroundings of all private wells with reference to the existence of causes of pollution.
3. To remove all house refuse, offal, and garbage from the neighborhood of habitations, and either bury or burn it.
4. To use copras, dry or in solution (a pound to a quart of water), in all places which are in the least offensive.
5. To examine thoroughly all houses drainage and plumbing and remedy defects.
6. To thoroughly and frequently cleanse all cellars and out-houses, stables and pig sties, using whitewash freely.
7. To drain all wet places in the immediate neighborhood of dwellings, and to drain, ventilate, and if necessary cement, damp cellars.

The organization of local boards of Health in every city, borough and township in the Commonwealth is of the utmost importance to aid in carrying out these suggestions, and local boards already in existence should act with energy and dispatch. Should our quarantine authorities, national and otherwise, who are hourly on the alert to prevent the introduction of this particular disease, be successful in their benevolent, devoted and patriotic efforts, it will be a satisfaction to know that no pains taken, no labor spared, no expense incurred in improving the sanitary condition of our towns and our homes will have been wasted.

These measures must inevitably result in diminishing the prevalence of other diseases which we have always with us, and which we have always with us, and which, in the long run, therefore, carry off more victims than the cholera in its short but terrible stay. Should it make its appearance after we have once put our habitations and sur-

roundings into complete state of preparation above recommended, we may view it with comparative indifference.

The Italian transport Garigliano, bearing the Columbus statue, the gift of the Italians of New York to New York City, arrived at Quarantine at that city Sunday afternoon. The monument is in the Garigliano's hold, packed in 170 parts. The Garigliano is commanded by Chevalier G. Ruggero, of the Italian navy, and on board is Manlio Garibaldi, of the Royal Italian Marine, the youngest son of General Giuseppe Garibaldi, the hero of Italian liberty. The monument, when put together, will be 76 feet high. The 14 foot statue of Columbus stands upon a column of red granite 27 1/2 feet high, which rests upon a large pedestal. The material of which the entire monument is composed was selected with a view to striking color effects. It will be erected in Central Park, New York.

Alpine, Texas, was nearly swept away by a terrible cloud burst which formed over Devil Mountains, six miles south of the town, Sunday. The water rushed down the mountains in huge volumes, tearing up trees by their roots, and dashing everything in front of it. Heavy timbers, burros, cattle and horses floated through the town and gave plain evidence of the havoc done in the mountains. The rangers' camp, near the town, in a narrow canyon, must have been washed away. Mexicans fled from their homes to the mountains and a general panic prevailed. Considerable damage was done the railroad track. Dean's ranch above high water mark, twenty five miles south of the town, washed away.

Director Leech of the Philadelphia Mint has been notified by the World's Fair directors that a design of the head of Columbus for the souvenir half-dollars authorized in the appropriation made by Congress has been adopted. The head of the great discoverer published in a Spanish newspaper recently and which was used by that government in the medal to commemorate the sailing of Columbus, has been accepted as the one nearest the general idea of what he looked like. On the reverse side of the coin will be a miniature map of the Western hemisphere. These coins will be minted at Philadelphia.

George Willis, a farmer living in Lisle, N. Y., shot his wife fatally, and his hired man, named Oliver, seriously, Saturday. The three were on a load of hay when a dispute arose between husband and wife. Willis fired one shot at his wife which glanced and struck Oliver. He then shot her in the temple, killing her instantly. After doing the shooting Willis went into the woods and hanged himself. Jealousy led to the shooting.

Sallow and leaden hued complexions soon give place to the loveliest pink and white, when the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is persisted in, and cosmetics entirely abandoned. Nothing can counterfeit the rosy glow of perfect health, which blesses those who use this medicine.

The miners in the Coal Creek and Oliver Springs districts in Tennessee have been ordered by their leaders to cease work until further notice. It looks as if there would be a general strike and troops have been ordered to the scene.

A race war at Bunkie, La., has thus far resulted in the killing of one white man by shooting, and the lynching of two negroes who had made threats against the whites. Five men implicated in the hanging have been arrested.

Mrs. Ted Deen, wife of a young Yankton county, South Dakota, farmer, gave birth to four girl babies weighing five pounds each Saturday. The mother is 28 years old and weighs 110 pounds.

President Harrison gave out his letter formally accepting the Republican nomination, Monday. He discusses the issues of the campaign at length, presenting them in a strong light.

Hon Daniel Dougherty, the "silver-tongued orator," died of a combination of diseases at his home in Philadelphia on Monday.



One man out of every twenty-five occupies his own house in England.

In many of the Italian Universities, once the most celebrated in Europe, the students are so few that there are only four pupils to every professor.

The great question in Paris, learns the Boston Transcript, is whether she shall hold a World's Fair in 1900. It is agreed that the Champs de Mars, and such buildings as survive from the great shows of 1869, 1878 and 1889 shall not be used.

France points with pride to its Tunisian colony, where there are now 32,000 French citizens and persons claiming French protection. Great results are expected from the opening of the harbor of Tunis next year and of Bizerta the year following.

Housekeepers know "boneless codfish," and now a member of the United States Fish Commission announces that the boneless shad is in process of evolution and well advanced toward completion. He does not lose his bones in the same way as the cod, to wit, after death, but by careful breeding and crossing.

According to German investigations, tramps are a remarkably healthful lot. Out of the many thousand wanderers who were entertained last year at the tramp stations established by the Government, but two per cent. needed medical attendance, twenty per cent. obtained work, and sixty per cent. preferred to wander.

Although C. P. Huntington does not expect to live to see it, yet he is convinced, says the Atlanta Constitution, that on the Fourth of July, 1926, there will be a great city at Newport News, Va. Mr. Huntington regards that port as sure to concentrate the traffic from the South and Southwest which seeks the ocean. Railway lines will centre there, in his opinion; the main shipments of cotton and tobacco from abroad will be from this port, and he is of opinion that on the level plain whereon once General Butler's armies were encamped and whence the Union soldiers witnessed the sea fight which revolutionized the navies of the world, there will be built a city containing 250,000 people.

The system of public irrigation in Colorado has met with an unexpected and disastrous check from a land slide on the side of Table Mountain, where the moisture from one of the main ditches has undermined a great mass of earth, which, as the water penetrates, is slowly slipping down the side of the mountain, carrying with it a house and a section of railway. The ditch is also likely to be carried away, and in that case thousands of acres of farm and garden lands will go dry. As they are entirely dependent on this artificial supply of water, observes the New Orleans Picayune, the loss from the destruction of the ditch will be very great. The success of irrigation has been abundantly demonstrated, waste lands being converted into fruitful farms, it will be more painfully manifest when, by the shutting off of the water, the farms are turned back again into waste lands.

An English writer tells an amusing story of a country house where a regular daily routine is observed, and where no chance is given one of breaking the monotony. It is of a man who wanted to stay in a country-house, thinking it would give him the opportunity of proposing to a girl with whom he had been in love for a long time. His visit was to last a fortnight, but the last evening came without his having had one chance of being alone with her during the whole time. As he sat at dinner (of course he was at the opposite end of the table to where she was), he felt the time was fast passing away, and in a few hours he would no longer be in the same house with her. When the ladies went to the drawing-room, he would have to sit on in the dining-room. His host might allow him to look in at the drawing-room for a few minutes that evening, but after that his presence would be required in the billiard-room. In utter desperation he took up the menu card, and on it wrote: "Will you marry me?" He doubled it up, telling the butler to give it to the lady in question. He did so. She read it, and, with the perfect sangfroid born out of the nineteenth century, said: "Tell the gentleman, 'Yes.'"

## LAND OF THE CZAR.

WHAT RUSSIA IS DOING TO PREVENT A FAMINE IN 1903.

The Famine Sufferers Have Received \$350,000,000—Wonderful Private Gifts of the Nobles—Peculiarities of the People.



HE reports which are received daily here from the famine districts, says Frank G. Carpenter in a St. Petersburg letter to the Washington Star, are very encouraging, and though the famine is still raging, the backbone of the demon of Russian starvation will, it is believed, be broken by the first of September, when the harvest will have been gathered. Great want and much suffering, however, must continue to exist for the next year or so in many of the States, and the drought may precipitate a second famine equally as terrible as the present one. Notwithstanding all that has been published concerning the famine, we in the United States have but little idea of its terrible extent and of the wonderful manner in which the Russians have handled it. No country in the world, with perhaps the exception of the United States, could withstand such a strain as Russia is now undergoing, and there is no Nation in the world, except

authorized by the Czar to get money for the sufferers, and the bulk of the gifts have come from the people.

Consul General Crawford estimates that the gifts of private citizens in Russia to this famine have been not less than 350,000,000 roubles or the enormous sum of \$175,000,000. The gifts almost surpass comprehension, and all told, notwithstanding the vast population of Russia, they amount, including those of the Government, to \$3 for each man, woman and child in the whole Russian Empire, or to \$15 per family. When you remember that of the twenty odd million families that make up the Russian people not many more than one million of them probably have ever had \$15 at one time in its possession you get some idea of the mighty strain this has been on those who could give and have given. The nobility have in all cases led the list, and hundreds of well-educated girls and women of the best families of this and other Russian cities are now in the famine districts fighting the demons of starvation, typhus fever and the smallpox in behalf of the peasants. A number of these ladies have caught the diseases of the peasants, and a Russian countess who went from St. Petersburg was among those who took the smallpox. Almost all of the great landed proprietors in the famine districts are doing what they can to help their people. I hear of men who have been feeding and caring for five, ten and in some cases even twenty and twenty-five thousand peasants, and Count Bobrinsky, who is at the head of the transportation of famine relief here, is, in connection with his family, supporting nearly thirty thousand people out of his own means, and at the same time aiding in the distribution of the foreign and Government relief fund among the

straight, honest and kindly. Their noses are large and clean cut, and their cheek bones often rather prominent. Nearly all are bearded and many are long-haired and part their hair in the middle. Their frames are as strong as their faces. They are a big-boned, well-joined race, and they look as though they were made to



A DROSKY DRIVER.

stay. The women are of the same character as the men. They are not handsome nor pretty, but they look kind and motherly and what we would call fine looking. They lack taste in dress, have no ideas of the harmony of colors, and wear—I mean the peasants—handkerchiefs of all brightest colors of the rainbow upon their heads. Their dresses are of red, blue or other gay colors, and they are gathered in at the neck and waist, and fall to the feet in ungraceful folds. They are sturdy of frame and rather dull and quiet in manner. They do as much work as the men, and the men and women work in the fields side by side. The men of the lower classes, as I see them here, are more picturesque in their dress than the women. Russia is the land of the cap, the long coat and the top boots, and the peasants wear coats of homespun, with long frocks, and even such as dress in sheepskins, with the fur turned in, have their coats reaching to below the knees. Here in St. Petersburg I see few without overcoats, but further south the peasant man's dress is of red calico, shirt and pantaloons, the shirt coming outside the pants and belted at the waist, and his feet are covered with a sort of coarsely woven straw shoe and his ankles are swaddled in rags. The better class of poor people or the ordinarily well-to-do men here wear long coats, with top boots, and the National cap is worn by nearly every one. This is to a large extent the costume of the rich, though the wealthy all over the civilized world dress much the same as we do. The difference here is largely in the quality of goods worn, and St. Petersburg may be said to be a city where the people wear ulsters, caps and high boots the year round, no matter whether it be as hot as Tophet or as cold as Alaska. These Russian boots are worth looking at. They are about the only cheap thing in Russia, and you can get a pair made to order for five dollars. The same leather and the same work in the United States would cost you twenty-five dollars, and the finish of the best leather is as fine as that of a portfolio or pocket book. These boots



RUSSIAN FARMERS.

perhaps one, that would rise to the emergency and do so much for its people as Russia is doing. The contributions America has made have been of great good, and they are most thankfully, and I might also say, tearfully received, but they are only a drop in the bucket to what Russia herself is doing. Our and other outside gifts amount, all told, to perhaps three-quarters of a million dollars. The donations of the Government and the people represent in the neighborhood of \$350,000,000, and the Czar himself has given about ten million dollars out of his private fund. The Government loans to the famine villages amount to more than one hundred million dollars, and these loans no one ever expects that the peasants will repay. It is a physical impossibility for them to do so, and, as one of the chief officials of the Government said to me latterly, the Czar does not expect repayment. He always gives a present to the people upon certain occasions, such as the coronation of a grand duke, and at the next event one of his presents will probably be the forgiv-

people outside of his estates.

This relief work is not done spasmodically nor without system. There is a thorough organization, and as good brains as you will find anywhere in the world are managing it. The peasants themselves are like children, and they require the advice and the care of children. These people of Russia of the highest classes go and stay with them. They visit them in their huts, take care of the sick—for there are but few doctors—and nurse them. With them is the Russian Red Cross which has raised about \$35,000,000 for the sufferers, and which works, as do all outside institutions, directly under the Government.

The Government of Russia is planning great works to prevent the recurrence of such a condition as now exists. A fund of \$10,000,000 has been set aside to build elevators and places for the storage of grain in all of the various districts, and through our Consul General, Dr. John M. Crawford, the Interior Department has investigated our system of crop reports and has just now decided to adopt this system for Russia. Secretary Rusk forwarded full information and from now on the same organized system that we have constructed will be in force here. Heretofore Russia has had no agricultural statistics and the peasants have lived from hand to mouth. They are not economical or thrifty nor accumulative in our sense of the word, and it requires a study of their character and their condition to understand the situation.

No one who visits Russia can be unimpressed with the strength of character seen in the faces of the people. I first saw these Russian peasants at Jerusalem about four years ago. It was at Easter time, and they had come by the thousands on a pilgrimage to the holy sepulcher, and of the polyglot humanity which was gathered there from the four quarters of the world there were none so strong in feature and in frame as these Slavs. I see here every day walking the streets of St. Petersburg with bundles on their backs, driving cabs or droshkies and working on the streets, men whose nobility and strength of features would create remark in the American crowd, and at every corner you meet men whose faces are such that you would be proud to acknowledge them if you found them among your ancestral portraits. Their foreheads are high and broad, their eyes



PEASANT WOMAN.

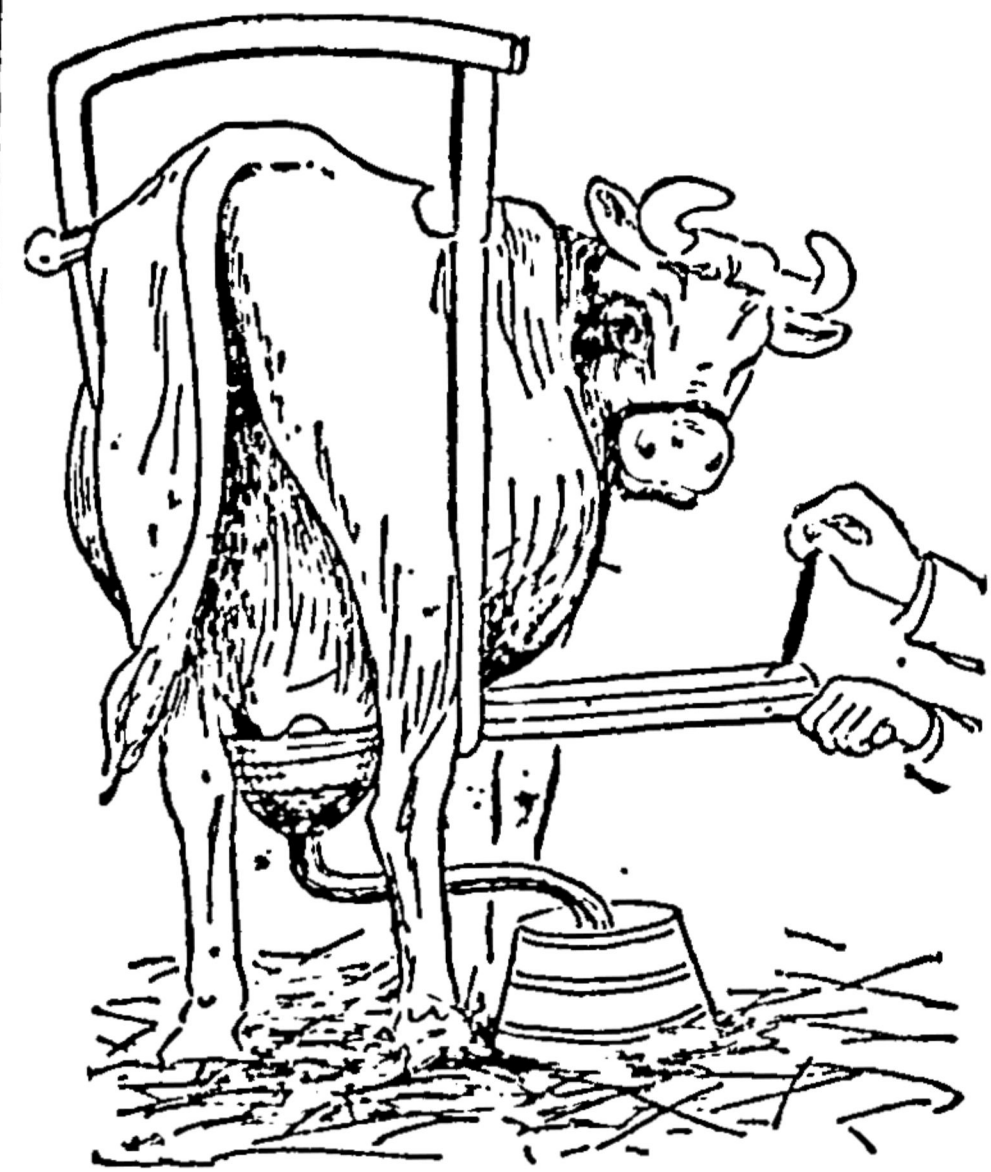
ing of this debt. This one hundred million dollars was given almost outright by the Government, but in addition to it numerous schemes have been favored and

military attache of our legation here, told me yesterday that his coachman appeared to be of dime-museum fatness when he engaged him, and that he supposed his great frame was that of nature, until one day he met him before he had put in his pads and he was as thin as a rail and looked so different that it was some time before he knew him.

Speaking of Russian caps, the officers whom you see here by the thousand all wear them, and the most of the soldiers have caps as a part of their uniform. Every servant or messenger wears a cap and the boys from the age of four wear long-visored caps and little overcoats just like their fathers. Even the little girls wear caps, and the favorite head covering of the little maidens of from two to six or seven years, whom I see running about with their nurses in the parks, is a jockey cap of the brightest red, blue, yellow or green silk. The colors of the caps of the men are usually dark, though they are trimmed with all shades of borders and bands, and each color denotes something. The policemen, as a rule, have red bands about their caps. Some of the private soldiers wear caps of white. Others wear caps like Tam O'Shanter's, and the cavalry have as many different kinds of headgear as the infantry. Some officers have green bands about their caps and others blue, and in short there is every possible cap combination from the shaggy fur of the peasant from the wilds of north Russia to the brimless astrakhan, which, with its red silk crown, covers the head of the cartridge breasted Caucasian soldiers. The overcoats of the people from the different parts of the country are also different, and the officers wear coats of different colors and of different grades of length, ranging from the feet to the top of the boots in size. All told the dress of the men is the most picturesque one of Europe, and the crowds which throng the streets of St. Petersburg are like those of no other capital of the world. The men are naturally large and fine-looking. These long ulsters make them look bigger, and the general effect produced is that of a Nation of giants.

### Milking by Machinery.

Numerous arrangements have been suggested for lessening the labor of milking, but the latest product of inventive genius in this direction is shown in the accompanying illustration. The device was shown in operation at the recent Agricultural Show held in England, where



it attracted considerable attention on account of its novel features.

In this machine all four of the teats are milked simultaneously by two pairs of elastic and feathering roller segments, having rocking, approaching and receding movements. The teats are squeezed from the upper ends down to the bottom and while one pair of rollers approach each other, squeezing the teats on the right side, the pair on the left side recede.

The machine rests in a self-adjusting frame, suspended on the cow, and is not affected by any movements that may be made by the animal during the milking. The operator turns a handle situated at arm's length from the right side of the cow, and connected with the main shaft by a flat link chain. The milk flows through a funnel into the milk-can, and the operator is thus able to see when the cow is milked clean—that is, when no more milk flows. It is claimed that the machine will make milking a cleaner and easier work, and, as it does not require any special training, any person will be able, after a little practice, to milk a large number of cows quicker and better than trained milkers by hand. From practical experiment, cows appear to like the process, and keep perfectly quiet during the operation.—St. Louis Republic.

### "A Swell Turn Out."



—Life.

The German and Austrian Alpine Society has erected 419 taverns in the mountains where students can board at reduced rates.





#### SWEET CORN.

Sweet corn has many uses besides fitness as a table delicacy. Animals like it much better than field corn, even as men and women do. Sweet corn will be useful to feed cows when the grass begins to fail in the late summer, and will make milk and butter equal to that produced by June grass. It is also the next thing to milk for fattening young pigs. Chickens are very fond of it and do well on it. But it will not do for the silo.—American Farmer.

#### MANURING MEADOWS.

Meadows will be much helped by a liberal dressing of manure immediately after getting off the hay. The sudden change from dense shade and ample moisture to bright hot sun and scorching dryness by the mowing is very trying to the grass roots, and undoubtedly is one reason why our meadows are so short lived. To top dress the grass with manure is thus a most effective help, and without it is hardly possible to maintain the grass in permanent good condition. The manure should be fine and well rotted, so that it may not choke the grass.—New York Times.

#### WHERE THE TREES GO.

There are many things which seem to have had their influence in preventing an overproduction of good fruit. In the first place not one-half the trees planted ever reach a bearing age, and of those that do live and thrive not more than half bear fruit of any special value to the owner, because the varieties are not adapted to the climate or other conditions under which they are grown. Blight, noxious insects, and general neglect all contribute to keep the supply of good fruit down to a little below the demand. Thousands may sow where but few reap as is true to-day as in any age of the world, and it is well that it is so, else the truly deserving would have less to show for their skill and industry. The immense increase in population has, of course, given a proportionate increase in consumption, while the modern facilities for transportation of fruit from one part of the country to another, as well as to foreign ports, has helped enormously in providing good markets. In addition to all of these, the drying or evaporation of the perishable fruits of late years has stimulated the production of such kinds, and it is likely to continue, because there are many foreign Nations who want our dried fruits in immense quantities. Under present conditions we think there is little danger of overproduction of choice fruits of any kind in this country, at least not until all who attempt its cultivation know more about the business than they do at the present day.—New York Sun.

#### WHOLE AND PIECE ROOT GRAFTING.

A study of whole and piece root grafting has been begun at the Illinois Station. For this purpose more than 2000 grafts were put up and set, though many of them failed to grow. Advocates of the whole root method claim as its greatest advantage that the graft is set on the collar of the seedling tree, that there alone is the natural place for union between the trunk of the tree and the root, and that to put the graft on any other part of the root must necessarily make a less perfect union and consequently a poorer tree in the nursery and a less enduring and perfect orchard tree. Many of them do not advocate the use of the whole root, as one would naturally be led to suppose, but what is usually called the upper cut, five to six inches long, from the collar down.

As reported by Messrs. Burrill and McCluer, station horticulturists, they have used roots in various forms, from whole roots ten inches long, to roots cut into pieces of different lengths, with cions set two inches above the collar, on the collar and two inches below the collar. The conclusions from one year's work are: The whole root has no advantage over a piece root of the same size. (Size refers to both length and thickness.) Roots with small side branches left on gave better results than roots of the same size with the rootlets cut away. Roots five inches long gave better results than roots four inches, two inches or one inch long. Roots five inches long, not trimmed, gave nearly as good results as roots ten inches long.—New York World.

#### PASTURING MEADOWS.

Whether or not the quantity of feed secured by pasturing the meadows after its crop of hay has been harvested will make up for the damage done is, to say the least, questionable. This is especially the case when the summer is hot and dry, and the regular pastures are cropped down and the meadows in consequence furnishing nearly or quite all of pasturage are eaten down close.

A fair growth of top in summer protects the roots in summer as well as in winter, and this is taken away, done by pasturing.

Some food is, of course, secured and

the stock kept thrifty when otherwise they would be almost certain to run down. In some cases, when the meadows have been cut reasonably early, there is no question but that pasturing can be done without injury, if care is taken not to allow the stock to crop the grass down too close. In most cases it will be better to cut and feed some green crop at this time rather than allow the meadows to be eaten down close.

Of course, in many cases the meadows are pastured one season and a fair crop of hay is harvested, but this is not proof that the meadows were not damaged or that a larger and more profitable crop would not have been secured if the stock had been kept out. With hay, as with all other crops grown on the farm, a large yield of good quality means a paying crop, while a light yield will barely pay expenses. In many localities it is quite an item to keep a meadow as long as a good growth and yield can be had, and to do this care must be taken of it. If pastured too closely in hot, dry weather more or less of the plants will be killed out, and if this is kept up a re-seeding will be necessary.

Extremes should be avoided. In a favorable season, when a good growth has been made, some pasturing can often be done with benefit. But again, when hot weather sets in, as is often the case immediately after hay harvest, pasturing is frequently a serious injury, and in any season considerable damage will be done if the stock is allowed to eat the grass down too close.—St. Louis Republic.

#### FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

Perennial phloxes are growing in popularity. Lilacs may be propagated by means of grafting.

If you want fine specimens thin out severely the tree fruits.

Over-crowding animals is the surest way of inviting disease.

Bran comes nearer being a complete stock food than anything else.

If flies infest the stable scatter some chloride of lime and observe its effect.

For pear scab, spray the affected tree repeatedly with the Bordeaux mixture.

High-priced clothes and low-priced cattle will not pay the mortgage on the farm.

Corn silage, with gluten meal and bran, is an excellent ration for feeding bees.

The California privet may be propagated by cuttings planted in the open ground.

Stock owners should be more interested in preventing disease than in seeking cures.

Those who took their bees out of winter quarters latest this year did best. May 20 proved to be the best time.

Recently a mare foaled unattended in a freight car and got along all right. The train was running thirty miles an hour.

A horse's memory is as long as his life, and this makes the lessons he first learns of the utmost importance, as he never forgets them.

For young animals, wheat bran is a good food, as it combines all the elements of hay and corn, and the sugar it contains renders it easily digestible.

To prevent bees from stealing the wax from grafts wrap thin paper around the wax when it is first put on. By having the paper white the wax will be cooler.

It is to the apiarists' interest to build up a market at home, even if he only gets the price at which honey is sold in the large cities he saves the cost of transportation.

Those who plant strawberries in July or August can expect a small crop of very fine berries next spring. But they should be well cared for during the summer and fall and well manured as winter sets in.

Clover or grass land newly plowed is not good for strawberries. The red-headed grub is abundant in such land, and he is no aid to strawberry culture. Wait till the sod is well rooted before putting out strawberry plants.

The French have found that the Jersey and Devon cattle are less liable to disease than the Durhams, and this may account in part for the fact that there is an apparent increase in the number of these cattle used in Paris dairies.

Buckwheat is an excellent food, enabling the cows to produce a superior quality of milk. Being very rich in nitrogen, many farmers prefer the bran of it to that of wheat. The kernel is known to be more valuable than that of wheat or oats.

The intelligent dairyman must study incessantly. Every cow has her peculiarities, which must be considered, and adaptations made in food and treatment. Success in almost everything is won by attention to details, and this is particularly true of dairying.

In Harlem, New York City, Mary Evans, is licensed captain of a ship.

**The Modern Tooth.**  
Fresh from his recent revelations as to the inevitable results of higher education on the woman of the future, Sir James Crichton Browne, who presided yesterday over a meeting of the British Dental Association, has felt it his painful duty to call attention to the lamentable condition of the tooth of the present. The picture he draws is truly desolating, and it is all the more so in that it is founded on the relentless basis of actual investigation. Out of 1,861 children under 12, recently examined, the proportion of those blest with normal or perfect teeth, in need of neither extracting nor filling, was only one in eighteen. Even more alarming are the dental statistics of Leeds, where 90 per cent. of the teeth of the population are bad. Furthermore, Sir James stated that no fewer than 10,000,000 of artificial teeth are used in England annually. Of the three causes to which Sir James Crichton Browne attributed the present parlous condition of the human tooth—soft food, high pressure and vitiated atmosphere—the first, at least, is by no means an inevitable condition of latter-day life. On the other hand, the nervous tension of modern existence and the growth of large towns are factors which cannot be eliminated from the great dental problem, and are bound to exert an increasingly destructive influence on the type of the coming man. We are rapidly tending toward an era of total baldness, and this, it seems, is to be further aggravated by toothlessness. There is an ancient Greek legend of the daughters of Phorcys, who had only one eye and one tooth among them. This, we take it, must have been a prophetic view of the results of culture and civilization on the woman of the future.—London Globe.

#### Electricity in the Home.

For the World's Fair at Chicago is promised a miniature electric house which will illustrate the application of electricity to various economic uses. The apartments will be warmed by electric radiators, and ventilated and cooled by a system of electric fans.

The cooking for the family will be conducted upon an electric range in the kitchen at the top of the house and the food lowered to the dining room upon an electrically propelled dumb-waiter. The dishes will be washed by an electric dish-washer, on which a child can wash ten thousand pieces a day. The washing, ironing, the scrubbing of the floors and wood-work, the cleaning of the silver and knives, and even the washing of the windows, will be done by electricity.

The offal debris will be destroyed by an electric current. In the parlor will be a musical telegraph, with attachment for diffusing the music to an audience; a phonograph and cylinder containing celebrated songs by celebrated women, and celebrated speeches by celebrated men. There will be electric musical boxes and every known contrivance to add to the pleasure and comfort of the family.

#### England's Climate.

The lowest temperature ever registered by the thermometer in England was at Kels in 1879, when the mercury fell to 16 below zero.

PROFESSOR PROCTOR writes in the Boston Globe on "How to Lift 1,000 Pounds." Most men who can "lift" £1,000 don't have much to say about it.—Oil City Blizzard.

**Pure and Wholesome Quality**  
Commends to public approval the California Liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. It is pleasant to the taste and by acting gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels to cleanse the system effectually, it promotes the health and comfort of all who use it, and with millions it is the best and only remedy.

Do Tell—Little Brothers.—Puck.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

**King**  
Of Medicines is what I consider Hood's Sarsaparilla. For 6 years I was confined to my bed with white swellings and scrofula sores. To my great joy, when I began with HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA the sores soon disappeared. I kept taking it for a year, when I was so well that I went to work, and since then have not lost one day on account of sickness. I am always well and have a good appetite. Wm. A. LEHR, No. 9 Railroad Street, Kendallville, Ind.

**Hood's Pills** are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

**"MOTHERS' FRIEND"**  
MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY.  
Colvin, La., Dec. 2, 1886.—My wife used MOTHER'S FRIEND before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.  
DOCK MILLS.  
Sent by express on receipt of price, \$1.50 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.  
BRADFORD REGULATOR CO.,  
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS, ATLANTA, GA.

**On the Veranda.**  
How pleasant, but how dangerous, unless Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Croup Cure is at hand. This great remedy is the only specific known that is an absolute preventative as well as cure of Croup, Pneumonia, Diphtheria, Bronchitis and Consumption. Sold by prominent druggists, 50c. Manufactured by A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

SELF-MADE MEN usually try to make themselves from gold dust.—Puck.

One Cent a Bolt Wall Paper  
Finer, 2c's. 3c's. Gold, 4c's. Embossed Solid Gold, 4c's.  
Send stamp for 100 Samples. REED, Wall Paper Jobber, Rochester, Pa.

THE WORLD comes to him that waits; but he is dead when it gets there.—Puck.

J. C. Simpson, Marquette, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

A Slim Diet—Anti-fat.—Puck.

MAN'S system is like a town, it must be well drained and nothing is so efficient as Beecham's Pills. For sale by all druggists.

**RISEING SUN STOVE POLISH**  
DO NOT BE DECEIVED  
With Paste, Enamel, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn off.  
The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

**EVERY MOTHER**  
Should Have it in the House.  
Dropped on Sugar, Children Love to take JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LAXATIVE for Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis, Colic, Cramps and Pains. Relieves all Summer Complaints, Cuts and Bruises like magic. Sold everywhere. Price 25c. by mail 50c. in bottles Express paid, \$2. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

**DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT**  
Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.  
Rheumatism, Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflammation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

**Disordered Liver, Impure Blood,**  
Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility. Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle. If not better, Druggists will refund to you the price paid. At Druggists, 50c. Size, \$1.00 Size. "Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free. DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

**"August Flower"**  
My wife suffered with indigestion and dyspepsia for years. Life became a burden to her. Physicians failed to give relief. After reading one of your books, I purchased a bottle of August Flower. It worked like a charm. My wife received immediate relief after taking the first dose. She was completely cured—now weighs 165 pounds, and can eat anything she desires without any deleterious results as was formerly the case. C. H. Dear, Prop'r Washington House, Washington, Va. @

**GARFIELD TEA**  
Overcomes results of bad eating, nervous, headache, constipation, indigestion, cures catarrhs. Send for Free Sample to 215 West 5th Street, New York City.

WANTED—AGENTS—For the WATCH CASES, week guaranteed. Particulars for sample. TOLLETT LAMP COMPANY, Box 431, Toledo, Ohio.

PATENTS! PENSIONS!—Send for Inventor's Guide or How to Obtain a Patent. Send for Digest of PATENT and BOUNTY LAWS. PATRICK O'FARRELL, WASHINGTON, D. C.

**W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.**  
A genuine sewed shoe that will not rip, no calf, smooth, soft, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom-made shoes costing from \$4 to \$5. The only \$3.00 shoe made with two complete soles, securely sewed at the outside edge (as shown in cut), which gives double the wear of cheap well shoes sold at the same price, for such easily rip, having only one sole sewed to a narrow strip of leather on the edge, and when once worn through are worthless. The two soles of the W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 shoe when worn through can be repaired as many times as necessary, as they will never rip or loosen from the upper. Purchasers of low priced shoes desiring to economize, should consider the superior qualities of these shoes, and not be influenced to buy cheap shoes sold at \$2.00. W. L. DOUGLAS Men's \$2.50 Fine Calf, Hand Sewed, \$3.00 and \$3.50. \$2.50 and \$3.00. Workingmen's \$1.75 School Shoes, Ladies' \$3.00 Hand Sewed, \$3.50. \$1.75 Best Double Sole, are of the same high standard of merit.

THIS IS THE BEST \$3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.  
WILL NOT RIP.

Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, 291 Main Street, Lowell, Mass. Postage free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

**Pimples AND Blotches**  
ARE EVIDENCE That the blood is wrong, and that nature is endeavoring to throw off the impurities. Nothing is so beneficial in assisting nature as Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) It is a simple vegetable compound. Is harmless to the most delicate child, yet it forces the poison to the surface and eliminates it from the blood.

**SSS**  
I contracted a severe case of blood poison that unfitted me for business for four years. A few bottles of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) cured me. J. C. JONES, City Marshal, Fulton, Arkansas.  
Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

P N U 3 4 1902

**RIPANS TABLETS**  
Regulate the stomach, liver and bowels. Purify the blood, are safe and effective. The best general family medicine known for biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Headache, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Mental Depression, Painful Menstruation, Pimples, Sallow Complexion, Tired Feeling, and every symptom or disease resulting from impure blood, or a failure by the stomach, liver or bowels to perform their proper functions. Persons given to over-eating are benefited by taking a R. P. T. after each meal. Price, by mail, 25c. in bottles. Address THE RIPANS CHEMICAL CO., 108 Spruce St., N. Y. Agents Wanted! 10c. per cent profit.

**FRAZER AXLE GREASE**  
BEST IN THE WORLD.  
Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting three times as much of any other brand. Not affected by heat. GET THE GENUINE FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

**CATARRH**  
Pilo's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use and Cheapest. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

**LEND YOUR**  
Best Low-priced GERMAN DICTIONARY published at the remarkably low price of only \$1.00, postpaid. This book contains 444 finely printed pages of clear type on excellent paper and is handsomely yet serviceably bound in cloth. It gives English words with the German equivalents and pronunciation, and German words with English definitions. It is invaluable to Germans who are not thoroughly familiar with English, or to Americans who wish to learn German. Address: BOOK FIRM, 1003, 12th Street, New York City.

**IF YOU OWN CHICKENS**  
YOU WANT TO PAY THEIR THEM TO PAY THEIR WAY  
even if you merely keep them as a diversion. In order to handle fowls judiciously, you must know something about them. To meet this want, we are selling a book giving the experience (Only 25c.) of a practical poultry raiser for twenty-five years. It was written by a man who put all his mind, and time, and money to making a success of chicken raising—not as a pastime, but as a business—and if you will profit by his twenty-five years' work, you can save many chicks annually.

**"Raising Chickens."**  
and make your fowls earn dollars for you. The point is, that you must be able to detect trouble in the Poultry Yard as soon as it appears, and know how to remedy it. This book will teach you. It tells how to detect and cure disease; to feed for eggs and also for fattening; which fowls to save for breeding purposes; and everything, indeed, you should know on this subject to make it profitable. Sent postpaid for twenty-five cents in 1c. or 2c. stamps.

**Book Publishing House,**  
135 LEONARD ST., N. Y. CITY.

**W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.**  
A genuine sewed shoe that will not rip, no calf, smooth, soft, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom-made shoes costing from \$4 to \$5. The only \$3.00 shoe made with two complete soles, securely sewed at the outside edge (as shown in cut), which gives double the wear of cheap well shoes sold at the same price, for such easily rip, having only one sole sewed to a narrow strip of leather on the edge, and when once worn through are worthless. The two soles of the W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 shoe when worn through can be repaired as many times as necessary, as they will never rip or loosen from the upper. Purchasers of low priced shoes desiring to economize, should consider the superior qualities of these shoes, and not be influenced to buy cheap shoes sold at \$2.00. W. L. DOUGLAS Men's \$2.50 Fine Calf, Hand Sewed, \$3.00 and \$3.50. \$2.50 and \$3.00. Workingmen's \$1.75 School Shoes, Ladies' \$3.00 Hand Sewed, \$3.50. \$1.75 Best Double Sole, are of the same high standard of merit.

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# THE ITEM

NEW OXFORD, PA.  
FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 9, 1892.

## How to Vote.

The voter who wants to go to the polls in November with a pretty fair understanding of his duty and what will be required of him under the new law should carefully remember the following important features of the Baker act:

1. Number in Room.—Only ten voters are allowed in the voting room at once, outside the enclosed space, and only four voters in excess of the number of compartments are allowed inside the enclosed space at once. Section 22, 24.

2. Giving Name, &c.—Voters must go first to the officers in charge of the ballots and state name and address. The right to vote must be proved and the voter allowed to pass the guard rail before he can receive a ballot. Section 22.

3. Preparing Ballots.—Voters must prepare their ballots forthwith, and in the compartments. Section 23.

A cross (X) marked in the square at the right of a party name indicates a vote for all the candidates of that party.

A cross (X) marked in the square at the right of the name of a candidate indicates a vote for that candidate.

Crosses must be marked in the proper squares only.

If candidates of different parties are voted for the squares at the right of the party names must be left blank.

Names must not be crossed out.

Names must be inserted in the proper blank spaces only, and not in spaces where names are already printed.

Names can be inserted by writing, hand stamp, sticker or any other means, not infringing the secrecy of the ballot.

Names inserted can be marked, but this is not necessary.

Names printed on the ballot must not be inserted.

(Note.—When a candidate has died or withdrawn and a substitute is nominated after the ballots are printed the new name is to be printed on an official sticker. See section twelve. This should obviously be inserted over the name of the deceased or withdrawn candidate.)

4. Help in Preparing Ballots.—Voters unable to prepare their own ballots can be helped to do so, but only in case of actual disability, which must be explicitly declared to the judge. Section twenty-nine.

(Note.—To preserve order this should be done before the voter enters the enclosed space.)

A voter desiring help must himself select another voter of the district to help him. Section twenty seven.

A voter who receives such help without being actually unable to prepare his ballot will be liable to indictment for unlawfully showing his ballot. Section 31.

A voter who attempts to influence the vote of one whom he is helping will be liable to indictment for unlawful electioneering. Sections 24, 31.

(Note.—A voter who, in helping another, prepares the ballot otherwise than as desired, will be liable to indictment for forgery.)

5. Folding and giving in Ballots, &c.—Ballots must be folded so as to show only the endorsement. Section 26.

Where a ballot has been spoiled accidentally another can be obtained in its place on surrendering it. Section 26.

No ballot, whether marked or not, can be taken from the room. Sec. 26.

(Note.—As the constitution provides that every ballot "shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received," each voter must give up each ballot to the inspector to number and deposit it, as had been the rule heretofore. By the new law the inspector must in the presence of the voter, fasten the corner securely down over the number, and voters should see that this is done and that the ballot is then placed in the box.)

6. Challenges should be made before a voter receives his ballot, if possible, but may be made at any time before he casts it.

Sometime during last Sunday night, Mrs. Geo. Lough, an aged lady residing on Church street, got up to go into another room to shut a window, and she had to pass the stairway to do so. When passing the stairway she slipped or made a misstep and fell to the bottom, striking her head against the lower door, which rendered her unconscious. She does not know how long she remained in this state, but when she recovered consciousness she managed somehow to get back to her bed, where she remained until morning, before making known the accident. She was considerably bruised about one arm and the body.

## Sullivan Knocked Out.

At the Olympic Arena, in New Orleans, Wednesday night, John L. Sullivan was knocked out in the 21st round by James Corbett. Although fighting viciously from start to finish, Sullivan was out-generated and out-fought by the nimble Californian, who is now the champion heavy-weight pugilist of the world. The fight was for a purse of \$35,000.

Harry Grabill, of York city, had a marvelous escape Wednesday while attempting to cross Codorus bridge, on the Northern Central Railroad track. He was crossing the bridge when a train came thundering along. He climbed down the side of the bridge until the train passed, when, becoming exhausted, he dropped into the stream below, a distance of thirty feet. Fortunately he was uninjured.

The Hanover National Cordage Works received their first consignment of four car loads of sisal, and resumed work with their full complement of fifty people on Thursday. The capacity of the works has been increased to 7,000 pounds of binding twine daily, which article they will make exclusively.

Through the efforts of the Repository more than a hundred dollars have been contributed by the citizens of Chambersburg for the purpose of placing a tablet on the public square, commemorative of the burning of Chambersburg.

Sheriff Finley has levied on the personal property of Wm. Brandstaedter of Hanover, manufacturer of paper boxes. The levy was made on executions to the amount of \$918.70, issued by H. M. Koehler and Jacob F. Sheaffer.

Miss Edith Crowl, of Bowmansdale has suddenly lost the use of both her limbs. About nine years ago she fell and injured her knee cap, and her present condition is traced to this accident.

J. A. Nicodemus prunes down the newspaper stories about his peach crop and says he will only have 25,000 bushels and will not realize more than \$1.50 per bushel. His crop will therefore only yield \$37,000.

G. W. Weaver & Son of Gettysburg, are now showing a stock, all new, of over \$2500 in Ladies', Misses and Children's Coats—all made especially to their order. They promise to save the customer money.

John G. Whittier, the poet, died Tuesday morning at his home at Hampton Falls, N. H.

A horse driven by W. A. Baen, a drummer for the Shippensburg Over-all Factory, died in the Eagle Hotel Stable on Wednesday evening from colic.

To rise in the morning with a bad taste in the mouth and no appetite, indicates that the stomach needs strengthening. For this purpose, there is nothing better than an occasional dose of Ayer's Pills taken at bed time.

WANTED.—A woman to do cooking and general house work. Inquire of Mrs. J. A. Brown, Pitt street, New Oxford.

BEEF HIDES.—The highest cash prices paid for all kinds of Beef Hides, at Warner's Slaughter House or at the Red Front Grocery, New Oxford, Pa.

## Removed.

Miss Annie Warner has removed her Millinery Store from the Harman building, on the Square, to Mr. Peter Miller's rooms on Carlisle street. Enlarged space gives her room for a larger stock of everything in her line, and she will keep her stock full of the latest novelties and styles. She respectfully invites all her former customers and the public in general to call on her at her new location.

**CURE THAT Cold AND STOP THAT Cough.**  
N. H. Downs' Elixir WILL DO IT.

Price, 25c., 50c., and \$1.00 per bottle. Warranted. Sold everywhere.  
HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

Ed. F. Jenkins. Henry W. Jenkins.  
**E. F. JENKINS & CO.,**  
EDGE GROVE, PA.,  
have just received a new lot Calicoes, Muslins, Cambrics, Pants Goods, Neckties, and all kinds of Dry Goods, Notions, Glassware, etc. Also a new and fresh stock of Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Feed, &c. We have Plug Tobacco from 20 cents a lb. up. We make a specialty of delivering goods. Call & see us; we strive to please. All mail orders get prompt attention.

**ENTERPRISE BAKERY!**  
M. S. YOHE, PROPRIETOR.

Wheat, Rye, Bran and Cinnamon Bread; Rolls; Rusks; Stritzels; Snackies; Pound, Ginger, Sugar, Jelly, Sponge, and any other kind of Cakes ordered.

Pies of all kinds on hand or made to order.

Retailers, Picnics, Parties, &c., served at bottom prices.

Wedding Cakes a Specialty.

Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

Hoping to receive my share of public patronage, I am,

Yours truly,  
M. S. YOHE.

High St., New Oxford

**DRUG AND JEWELRY STORE!**  
N. E. Cor. Diamond, New Oxford.

**-J. W. DICKS-**

—DEALER IN—

Pure Drugs,

Medicines,

Chemicals,

Patent Medicines,

Toilet Articles,

Choice Perfumery,

Fancy Goods,

Fine Stationery,

Notions, &c.,

Cigars & Tobacco,

Choice Wines and Liquors,

Careful Preparation of Prescriptions our specialty.

Also, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc., for Sale. Repairing done, and work guaranteed. All goods in either department warranted as represented.

J. S. Weaver. N. Lings

**WEAVER & LINGG**

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, and Farm Machinery generally; AGENTS for Whiteley Binder and Mower, and Farming Implements of every description.

Having purchased the well-known Foundry and Machine Shops of Diehl & Co., the subscribers are prepared to build Threshers? Horse Powers, and Farm Machinery generally. They have all the Diehl patterns and are prepared to build new machines and repair Tractor Engines and Reparaturs and Machinery of all kinds, or furnish castings for same, at short notice.

Mill Work by experienced workmen. Pulley, Shafts, and Hangers to order. Castings to order at the lowest market prices. General machine repairing promptly done at moderate charges. Satisfaction always guaranteed.

Stove Grates, Cellar Grates, Sash Stoves, Weights, Kettles, Hog Troughs, repairs for all kinds of Pumps, and a large lot of Machine Castings always in stock for sale. Horse Shoeing & General Blacksmithing promptly attended to. Shops on Hanover St., New Oxford, Pa.

**GRAIN and PRODUCE.**

The undersigned, having purchased the warehouse on PITT STREET, NEW OXFORD, PA., he will buy all kinds of GRAIN, such as wheat, Rye, Oats, corn, clover and Timothy Seed, Hay and Straw, &c. Will also keep a full stock of FLOUR, FEEDS, SALT, &c.

**LUMBER AND COAL.**

The Lumber and coal business will be continued as heretofore, with a full stock of all kinds of Lumber and coal, which will be sold at bottom prices. Thankful for the liberal patronage given me in the past, I will endeavor to merit a continuance of the same

A. SHEELY.

**E. G. LOUGH'S**

**MARBLE YARD**

opposite the Reformed church,

New Oxford, - Penn'a.

All kinds of Grave Work furnished as cheap as the cheapest, in the latest styles and of the best material. Monuments made a specialty. Persons wishing anything in his line are invited to call and examine his samples before purchasing elsewhere.

224aprdly.

Blanks of all kinds, good paper, for sale at this office.

# BLANKETS.

We inaugurate, Sept. 5th, one of the most comprehensive Blanket Sales Adams county has ever known. Among the many kinds are the products of the celebrated **NEW CUMBERLAND WOOLEN MILLS**. These goods we own direct from the mill, which saves ordinarily at least 10 per cent, but we propose, in order to move the lot quickly and early, to save you more than that. They are in white with a great variety of rich and handsome color effects in borderings; made from pure California fleece, with a range in price, in 11-4 size only, (actual measurement are 70x84 to 72x86 inches) from \$4.50 to \$8.00 per pair, worth fully from 50c. to \$1.50 MORE, as the market goes. In Scarlet, strictly pure wool of a weight and fleeciness far superior to other makes of similar price—10-4 at \$3.75 and 11-4 at \$4.75; we are willing to make comparisons with other makes at \$4.50 and \$5.50 respectively. In Brown-Greys we have their celebrated P. R. R. in two sizes, improved finish and quality at a lower price than ever; the stock is pure wool filling and a thread warp—making it a specially serviceable Blanket for hard wear.

Also 210 pairs of white and colored in lower grades, ranging in price from 75 cts. to \$4.00 per pair, all of which we justly claim exceptional value for.

The Leaders

**G. W. WEAVER & SON,**  
GETTYSBURG, PA.

# DON'T MISS THEM!

In order to make room for our large Fall Stock, which is coming in daily, we are closing out our Summer Goods at greatly reduced prices.

We have a big lot of remnants in Wash Goods that are being sold from one-half to two-thirds their value.

**OUR WINTER SHOE STOCK** is in, and we can show you the largest and best line ever shown in New Oxford.

## REMEMBER

we are sole agent for G. W. Neidich & Co.'s Original Carlisle Shoes. If you try one pair you will always wear them. Respectfully,

**E. C. STOCK,**

SWARTZ BUILDING, NEW OXFORD.

# WE HAVE MOVED!

COME TO SEE US IN OUR NEW ROOM!

Come and see our new Fall Styles of Dress Goods and Millinery, in all the new Shades and Novelties, at prices that will astonish you.

Bargains in Ready-made clothing, shoes, underwear, shirts, &c.

Cheap, and yet nothing cheap about them but the price.

No trouble to show goods. It will pay you to call at

**Steffy's Cash Bargain Store,**  
West End Carlisle Street.



# THE ITEM

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

BY H. I. SMITH.

**TERMS**—\$1.00 per annum, in advance—\$1.50 if not paid within the year. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid. A failure to order a discontinuance at the expiration of the time subscribed for, will be considered a new engagement.

**ADVERTISEMENTS** inserted at the usual rates—liberal reductions to those advertising by the year.

**JOB PRINTING** of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, at the lowest rates.

**OFFICE** in Sunday's Hall, (second floor,) adjoining the Eagle Hotel, Centre Square.

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 9, 1892.

## TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Yards and alleys should be cleaned up and disinfected.

Plant your fall advertisement and reap your reward in a big trade.

Geo. Klinefelter, of Hanover, lost a valuable horse last week from colic.

Mr. William Grove, of near Hanover, died suddenly on Thursday evening of apoplexy.

Local sportsmen say that squirrels, partridges and rabbits will be plentiful this season.

The next term of the Catholic parochial school in this place, will commence next Monday.

Keep your premises in the cleanest condition possible these days. It may save you great trouble and expense.

The pension of Mr. A. H. Wallace, of Gettysburg, has been increased from \$4 to \$8 a month, with \$190.13 back pay.

It is reported that the P. R. R. Co. will abandon Silver Oak Park as soon as their lease expires, which will be this year.

The Granger's exhibition last week was unusually well attended, 12,000 being the estimate on Wednesday and 30,000 on Thursday.

Mr. Theodore Eline had his eyes severely injured by falling mortar, while at work on the new Catholic church at Littlestown.

If you are in need of anything in the clothing line, now is the time to secure bargains at Isaac Herz's P. B. Clothing House, Hanover.

When you visit the Hanover fair don't fail to visit Isaac Herz's Philadelphia Branch Clothing House. Immense stock; lowest prices.

Last Sunday, Francis, son of John Keefer, McSherrystown, fell from a willow tree and broke his right arm between the elbow and shoulder.

Messrs. David Reilly, Joseph Bawner and Reuben Flohr, near Emmitsburg, recently killed 111 viper snakes ranging in length from 9 inches to 4 feet.

William Stanton who was wanted as a witness at the last court and did not appear was caught last week and given four days in jail for contempt of court.

Prof. O. M. Grammar, of Bendersville, has been elected principal of the Schools of Summit Hill, Carbon co., Pa. Term nine months at \$80 per month.

The U. B. church at Hampton, which has been undergoing some improvements, will be rededicated on Sunday, Sept. 25th. All are cordially invited.

The Western Maryland Railroad has had some ground enclosed with a fence for a place to put up cattle and load them on the cars, adjoining the freight depot.

A son of Mr. Samuel D. Menchey, of Gettysburg, last Thursday ran a nail in one of his toes, inflicting an injury which will probably necessitate amputation of the toe.

The Republican conferees met at Williams' Grove on Thursday, and unanimously nominated N. Sargeant Ross, of York, as their candidate for Congress in this district.

Ex-Sheriff Hersh has sold his promising colt "Jerry" to John Lower, McKnightstown, for \$750. He can trot in 2:30 now and only begun to develop much speed this summer.

One day last week, while Essa Laughman was trying to bar some stones in Chronister's quarry, at Hendrix station, Oxford township, the bar slipped and cut a big gash in his hand.

New abutments have been placed at the bridge over the railroad at Red Hill, between this place and Hanover, by the W. M. R. R. company. The work is very substantial, being constructed with the best material.

While F. X. Smith and Jerry Weaver were driving from McSherrystown to Hanover, on Saturday, the coupling pin broke, throwing Mr. Smith against the dash and bruising his face considerably.

Friday evening, Irvin the three year old son of Jacob Fry, who resides near Hanover, on the York road, was caught in some threshing machine shafting and had his arm broken in two places.

The State inspectors of buildings Friday condemned S. L. Johns' building at McSherrystown, which is used as a cigar factory, for want of fire escapes and trap doors over the elevator shaft.

George, son of George Lawrence, of Mountjoy township, was struck by the pole of the barn door on Mr. Jos. R. Redding's farm, the other day, cutting a gash about 2 inches long in his head.

Samuel Wolf, (formerly with G. A. Klingel,) who recently opened a barber shop in Sheely's building near the Eagle Hotel, has received two entire new rigs of the best style and quality. He is now ready at all times to accommodate the public.

Thursday morning, a 12 months old son of John Barreman, of Hanover, while playing with a clothes wringer, accidentally got his thumb between the rolls, and in trying to pull it out had it terribly lacerated.

One day last week, Mrs. Smith, wife of Burgess D. C. Smith, of McSherrystown, while at the stove, and in the act of turning some meat in the frying pan, the hot lard splashed out, burning her hand severely.

Preaching on Sunday morning next at 10 o'clock, a. m., by the Rev. Diebel, of Littlestown, in the M. E. church, this place. Sunday School at 9. Epworth League service at 6 p. m.; Class Meeting on Tuesday evening next at 7:30.

Sylvester Rider, of McSherrystown who struck Mr. Chas. Busbey, of the same place a violent blow in the face, in Hanover, on the day of the firemen's parade, pleaded guilty at York on the charge of assault and battery and was sentenced to jail for thirty days.

The work on St. Aloysius' church, Littlestown, is now progressing rapidly. The tower is almost finished and the roof will shortly be ready for the slaters. The contract for the stained glass windows was given out last week to H. Gemhart, of Baltimore.

The Compiler says the State Monument Commission was at Gettysburg last week and approved the design for a monument of the 21st Cavalry, on the Baltimore turnpike. During their visit it was stated that the State appropriation will be used in erecting three separate monuments to Generals Meade, Hancock and Reynolds.

When you have that tired feeling, that listless, indifferent, dragging experience you need something to vitalize and purify your blood and impart vigor to the circulation. Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier will speedily effect a radical change. It restores the appetite, cleanses the system, brightens the eye, freshens the complexion and makes a new being of you.

Frank Sheely, of near White Hall, met with a serious accident last Wednesday morning. He was going to mill when it began to rain and his horse frightened at him raising an umbrella and started to run, upsetting the wagon and throwing Mr. Sheely against the fence. He was picked up by a neighbor. At first it was thought his back had been broken but afterwards it was discovered that only one of the bones was broken.

The squirrel season opened last Thursday, Sept. 1, and thus far the record made by Mr. Chas. Hersh, a young man residing at Diehl's mill, near town, puts to shame some of our older and more experienced sports. Mr. Hersh has but one arm, and before 7 o'clock Thursday morning he succeeded in bringing down seven squirrels, and the weapon used was a revolver. The squirrels were all shot from one tree. When any one can beat this feat we would like to hear from him.

A correspondent at Edgegrove says: Several accidents have occurred lately.—Riley, third son of Leo Snearinger, while cutting corn hit his hand on the blade of his father's chopper, causing an ugly gash which will disable him for some time. A young married man by the name of Stonestiler, driver of S. L. Johns' mill wagon, last Tuesday while going home, was thrown from the wagon, had an arm broken and sustained severe injuries about the head. The horses becoming frightened, started to run away.

Subscribe for the ITEM. Only \$1.

## Personal.

C. K. Yeager, Esq., and wife, of Pittsburg, are visiting her parents in this place.

Mrs. C. E. Diehl and three children spent a few days with her mother at Hanover, last week.

Mrs. Smith and son, of Washington, D. C., are enjoying a visit with her sister, Mrs. A. S. Himes, Pitt St. Miss Minnie Lau, of Hanover, spent a few days with friends in this place.

Mr. John D. Stock, of near this place, left on Monday for Shiremans-town, Cumberland county, where he will teach school the coming winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Plimyer and son, of York, who have been visiting at her father's, Mr. J. F. Warner, in this place, returned home on Monday.

W. F. Ruff has returned from New York to spend the month of September with his parents in this place. During the summer he took special courses in Bellevue and Sloan Maternity Hospitals.

Misses Berdie and Eannie Steffy of this place, are visiting friends in Littlestown.

Miss Emma Ingals is spending a few weeks with her mother in Baltimore.

Miss Clara Lips, of Baltimore, was the guest of Miss Bertha Weikert, near town.

Miss Laura Sunday returned Monday evening from a short visit to friends at Steelton.

Mr. J. Q. Mowry, who left here last spring for Springfield, Ohio, has returned from that place to Indianapolis, Ind., and will hereafter work on the Pennsylvania railroad, running from Indianapolis to Vincennes Ind.

Mr. Harry Starner and family, of York, spent several days among relatives and friends in this vicinity.

Mr. David Gulden and family, of Baltimore, and Jacob Gulden and family, of Hanover, took part in the Gulden family reunion on Monday. The gentlemen gave us a pleasant call on Tuesday.

Misses Mattie Diehl and Ida Slentz, of Mountpleasant, visited Mrs. Geo. C. Sheely, this place, on Wednesday.

## Wrist Broken.

On Tuesday morning as Mr. John Harbold, Jr., of Hanover street, was leaning against a door of the barn, the latch gave away and he fell to the ground below, a distance of 18 feet, and broke one bone and dislocated the others in the wrist of the right arm. Dr. Strahan rendered the necessary surgical aid.

Isaac Weikert of Freedom township, lost a fine five year old horse last Sunday night. Five horses were turned out to pasture and in their play one of the horses is supposed to have trod upon one end of a rail, which was lying on the ground, causing the other end to penetrate the heart of the colt.

The Democratic County Committee met on Saturday. Dr. T. C. Miller, of Abbottstown, was named as the candidate for Coroner and resolutions which were omitted at the county convention, were adopted. Arrangements were also made for assessing the candidates.

A drill costing about \$3,500 has been placed in position at the coal mine near Abbottstown, and active operations will be commenced in a few days. As the shafts are deepening the veins of coal become larger and of purer quality.

William A. Ferguson, formerly of Freedom township, was killed in a railroad accident near Altoona. He was a brakeman on a freight train.

Monday evening the Grand Array and the Junior Bands of Gettysburg, merged. There will be twenty-five members in the new organization.

The County Commissioners have awarded the contracts for the erection of the wagon shed at the almshouse to Chas. Bucher, of Germany township, for \$465, and for the bridge at Brwick borough across Spring Run to O. P. Sachs, of Mountpleasant township, for \$348.

The Harrisburg Telegraph has this to say concerning the proposed electric road: One of the directors of the Dillsburg & Gettysburg electric railroad is quoted as saying that the contract for the building of the roadbed and placing of the iron would be let about Monday next and that when the D. & H. section of road is completed and in running order, then a survey will be made and the road built to Harrisburg. The company has purchased the excellent water power at Louck's mill, the heaviest power on the Yellow Breeches (having a 16-foot head), where a power plant will be erected by which the lower portion of the road will be operated. Five thousand ties have been purchased by the new company, and two thousand have been voluntarily donated.

## Adjourned Court.

At an adjourned Court held in the Clerk's office on Saturday, the following business was transacted:

Bonds of John P. Butt, administrator of Milton T. Shultz, deceased, and Calvin T. Lower, Administrator of Joseph Hershey, deceased, were approved and filed, being bonds in each securing the proceeds of real estate of said decedents.

Calculation and decree in estate of John Landis were filed.

An order of sale was granted to Sarah Baker and J. M. Baker, Executors for the sale of the real estate of Jacob Baker, late of Hamilton township, deceased.

A rule was granted on A. C. Muselman, executor of the will of Jonas Hummams, deceased, and Eliza Frazer to show cause, etc.

John A. Mickleby was appointed Trustee to sell the real estate of John Bucher, deceased, under proceedings in partition.

Notice to all persons not to furnish Henry Richter and Samuel Stanton intoxicating liquors filed and ordered to be published.

William Stanton, who was in contempt of Court for not appearing in obedience to a subpoena served upon him to appear and testify in the case of the Com. vs. Samuel Stanton, was sentenced to 4 days in the county jail and pay costs of attachment.

The report of C. S. Duncan, Esq., auditor in the estate of Robert G. McCreary, deceased, was filed and confirmed nisi.

The report of Wm. P. Quimby, Esq., auditor of the assigned estate of Isaac Sell, was filed and confirmed nisi.

## Thanks.

Last Thursday, while we were pressing the ITEM, we were very agreeably and opportunely surprised by a set up of spring chicken, sweet potatoes and lemon pie, by Mrs. Sunday, the popular landlady of the Eagle, and you bet it was greatly relished by us. Call again Mrs. Sunday.

On the same evening a meal of bass was presented to us by our popular Burgess, Mr. Geo. C. Sheely, who has of late been very successful in hooking the funny beauties. Thanks.

## Tornado Insurance Free.

The Mummaburg Mutual Fire Protection Society will hereafter insure against loss by cyclone, tornado, or windstorms, as well as loss by fire and lightning, without additional charge. E. W. STABLE, President. Represented by W. H. DECHERT, New Chester.

## From Two Taverns.

Joseph Jacoby, whilst cutting wood the other day, had the misfortune to meet with a painful accident—a stick of wood striking him on the right hand, breaking the little finger.

John King lost a valuable cow and came near losing two more recently, by their getting into into his corn field and over eating.

One evening last week whilst T. O. Collins, Register and Recorder, was returning home from Gettysburg his horse frightened at some gypsy tents on Rock creek hill and upset T. O., bruising him slightly and breaking the buggy somewhat.

The neighborhood was startled on Monday morning by the news of the death of James Collins, son of H. E. Collins. His death was superinduced by eating ice cream. He was a promising lad of 17 years, full of life and vigor.

The heirs of Daniel Blocher, sold their farm of 70 acres in Mountjoy township, to Calvin Stavelly for \$2400. Silas Mc Horner, Adm., sold to A. and E. Wherley, a mountain tract of 5 acres at \$50.

## From Arendtsville.

Edgar N. Hartman lost a good horse from neckjaw last week.

James Hoffman bought of Alex. Taylor, his house and lot opposite the Lutheran church for \$900.

About fifty of the pupils of the Carlisle Indian School have camped in the South Mountain at Lewis Rock's. They enjoy themselves fishing, hunting, catching snakes and shooting with their bows and arrows.

John McCorney killed a large copperhead that had seventeen young ones from 8 to 12 inches long.

On Thursday night last the barn of Peter Schlosser near town, and which was only completed lately, was destroyed by fire with all its contents. A quantity of wheat, 500 bushels of corn, two buggies and some farming implements were consumed. Great difficulty was experienced in saving the house. The origin of the fire remains a mystery.

Take good care of your beard and keep it clear of gray hairs so as to retain your young looks by using Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

## A Pleasant Family Reunion.

On Monday morning, bright and early, the family of Mr. John Gulden and wife, of Hanover street, left the parental roof and went to Himes' dam, on the Big Conewago, for a day of pleasure and a family picnic. The party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Gulden and their children and grandchildren, and a few invited guests—41 persons in all. Mr. Gulden's family consists of nine children,—eight of whom were present, with their families—one daughter being absent—and the grand children present numbered eighteen. The day was spent in fishing and other exhilarating and fun-provoking pastimes, and the enjoyments were prolonged throughout the day until evening when they returned to town in the best of humor, all hoping that each one may be spared to enjoy many similar events in the future.

A lunch auction and festival for the benefit of St. Paul's Sunday School, will be held at the Pines school house, Straban township, on Saturday evening, Sept. 10th. Public cordially invited.

## THE MARKETS.

| NEW OXFORD.—By Z. H. Cashman |                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Choice Wheat                 | \$0 69          |
| No. 2                        | 0 67            |
| Barley                       | 0 54 @ 0 60     |
| Rye                          | 0 55 @ 0 60     |
| Corn                         | 0 45 @ 0 48     |
| Oats                         | 0 22 @ 0 30     |
| Clover seed                  | \$1 00          |
| Timothy seed                 | \$1 00 @ \$1 25 |
| Timothy hay                  | 0 00 @ 0 00     |
| Hay straw                    | 0 00 @ 0 50     |

## EAST BERLIN MARKETS.

| By S. Morgan Smith, Sons & Co. |       |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| No. 1 L. B. Wheat              | \$0 9 |
| No. 2                          | 0 8   |
| No. 1 Rye                      | 0 94  |
| No. 2                          | 0 90  |

## RETAIL.

|                         |        |
|-------------------------|--------|
| Snow Drift Flour & Bbl. | \$5 40 |
| 2nd grade               | 4 50   |
| Brn & humped            | 1 10   |
| Midlings                | 1 25   |
| Chop                    | 1 30   |

## MARRIED.

Sept. 1, at Littlestown, by D. R. Becker, John T. Baughman of Hanover, to Miss Mary Hartzell of Redland.

Sept. 1, at Abbottstown, by Rev. R. H. Clare, John F. Gable of Hamilton township, to Miss Frances M. Zimmer, of Huntington township.

Aug. 30, by J. C. Markley, Esq., William J. Kennedy to Miss Carrie Pittenturf, both of Tyrone township.

Sept. 2, at East Berlin, by Rev. O. F. Schaeffer, William Myers of Reading township, to Miss Emma J. Sharretts of Oxford township.

Aug. 27, at Mountjoy parsonage, by Rev. H. M. Heilman, Theodore Robinson of Cumberland township, to Miss Agnes M. Baker of Freedom tp.

Sept. 3, at Fouuntaindale, by Rev. D. C. Eyer, William Shindledecker of Hamiltonban township, to Miss Margaret Deardorff, of Franklin twp.

Sept. 4, by Rev. Peter Brown, Harvey Trostle, of Latimore township, to Miss Mary E. Anderson of Warrington, York county.

## DIED.

Deaths free—tributes, voices, &c., 5 cents a line

Sept. 5, near Lilly's Mill, in Mt. Pleasant township, Mr. Francis Culligan, aged about 25 years.

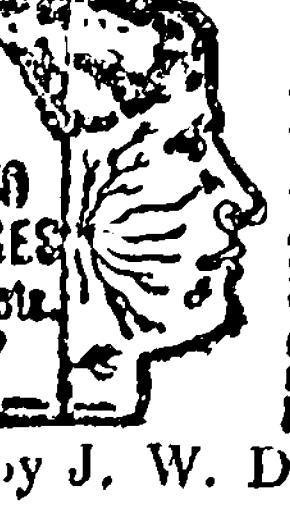
Aug. 21, in Littlestown, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Emory Crouse.

Sept. 1, at Littlestown, of consumption, Andrew Jones, aged 55 yrs.

Aug. 31, at Green Mount, this co., Mr. Henry Rhodes, aged 71 years, 5 months and 1 day.

Aug. 24, at the home of his son-in-law, Wm. Collier, in Dubois, Neb., George W. Wright, in his 83d year. He was a former resident of this co.

At Troy, Ohio, week before last, Mr. Harry L. Smith, formerly of York Springs, this county. The remains were interred at Bendersville.



**NERVE & LIVER PILLS**  
Act on a new principle—regulate the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, indigestion, constipation, headache, dizziness, neuralgia, and all disorders of the digestive system. 25 cents a box. Sold everywhere. Dr. J. W. Dicks, New Oxford.

GRAND—

## BALLOON ASCENSION!

PARACHUTE LEAP!  
AND FREE CIRCUS!  
—AT THE—

## HANOVER FAIR

Sept. 13 to 16, 1892.

The managers have engaged the celebrated Jewell Brothers to make balloon ascensions and parachute leaps each day, and also Hauler's Troupe of Acrobats, who will give free performances every day.

**\$2,000 RACING PURSE** assure good trotting and running races.—Liberal Premiums in all departments guarantee a big display. Come to the Hanover Fair. Premium lists sent on application.

M. O. SMITH, Sec'y.



# THE ITEM

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 22, 1892.

The commission to select voting booth for voters under the Baker bill finds itself confronted by a serious difficulty.

At its final meeting last Tuesday it rejected all of the patented booths presented to it and planned an original one, which it contemplates having all of the counties use, but in doing so it is said to have infringed on a booth patented by a St. Louis firm. The adopted design is said to be identical with that of the St. Louis party, but is made of wood, while the St. Louis people make theirs of steel.

The latter, however, have patented a wooden booth of similar design, and will go to law to restrain any infringement. This leaves the commission where it was before it took any action, and it will have to begin all over again.

A highway robbery was committed along the Frederick Division railroad, in the rear of the almshouse, at York, about 8 o'clock Tuesday evening. The victim was Jacob Studebaker, a traveling laborer, who recently came to York from Westminster, Md. He was brutally beaten and robbed of \$35 and the unconscious body was placed upon the railroad track in front of an approaching train. Fortunately he was rescued before the train struck him, and taken to the almshouse where lies in a critical condition. Elisha Johnson, colored, was arrested and identified by Studebaker as his assailant. A blacksmith's hammer was the weapon used.

At the Retreat Poor House, near Wilkesbarre, is a Polander who has been sleeping almost continuously for thirteen months. He was taken there from Wilkesbarre City Hospital about fourteen months ago. The sleeper opens his eyes occasionally to take a little nourishment, but immediately draws his head under the covers and falls into a comatose condition. The case has not been explained.

The Phoenix Powder Mills at Central City, Ky., were blown up Monday morning, five men being killed and four injured. This is the third explosion at this mill within three months, and is by all odds the most destructive one. No vestment of the entire plant remains, and the country for half a mile is strewn with fragments of the buildings and of the bodies of the five men, victims of the disaster.

Horses in Southampton township, Franklin county, are dying with a peculiar disease which paralyzes the tongue and causes other prostration. Local veterinary surgeons are at sea. Three horses of Jacob Horst, near Southampton station, have died in the past two weeks from it.

On Friday last Mrs. Bealah Downy of Strasburg bor., Lancaster county, died. On Saturday, while the funeral was in progress, Isaac Hull, her son-in-law, died, and on Sunday Mrs. Isaac Hull, Sr., mother of the former, died. All the deaths were due to pneumonia, following an attack of the grip.

Mrs. Lucy M. Allen, and aged resident of Lancaster, died Sunday morning of pneumonia, and Monday morning William Allen, her husband, aged 82 years, died in the same bed from the same disease, which was induced by an attack of the grip.

Don't experiment with your health. You may be sure of the quality of your medicine, even if you have to take much of your food upon trust. Ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and no other. It is the standard blood-purifier, the most effective and economical.

"Colonel" Pickett Nelson (colored), "The Tallest Man on Earth" died of typhoid fever at Baltimore Tuesday. He was eight feet one inch tall and weighed 387 pounds. He was 31 years of age.

A locomotive dashed into a sleighing party of twenty-two pleasure seekers Tuesday night, and nine of them were instantly killed, and nearly all of the rest more or less injured.

Iowa is at present being visited by the coldest weather known for ninety years, the thermometer registering from twenty-eight to thirty-two degrees below zero.

The war feeling against Chili throughout the country, as evidenced from the changed character of the correspondence received at the department at Washington, is subsiding.

Over 100 fishermen were drowned in a storm at the Hoo Choo Islands, Japan, on Dec. 3. Earthquakes are prevalent at Yokohama, Tokio and other places.

About five miles from Platte City, Mo., lives W. D. House, a farmer, who has a daughter with a wonderful gift. The girl is about 15 years old, and for several years has been considered by the simple country folks around the neighborhood to be "odd." She has a dreamy appearance and is slow of speech, but her peculiarity is that she has the power known as second sight. She can read letters without breaking the seal, and on several occasions has done this where collusion was impossible. She can also take a book, hold it closed in her hand, and read from any designated page.

Dr. Porter, one of the oldest physicians of that vicinity, says that the girl has an extraordinary power which he has thoroughly tested. He wrote a letter at his office, sealed it, took it to the house and called the girl. She came to him and shook hands. As she did so she said: "Doctor, you have a letter for me, and you wrote it." She then held his hand and read the letter which was still in his pocket.

To make a further test he brought a medical book to the house, one which he knew she had never seen. He gave her the book, and told her to read a certain page, on which there appeared a number of technical words. She read the page accurately, with the exception of the hard words, which she said she could not pronounce.

A new elevator was just completed in C. A. Bayler's factory at York Friday, and while the car was at the fourth floor of the tower, forty feet above the ground, Augustus C. Abe, a carpenter, was standing at the bottom of the tower to adjust some weights.

Mr. Bayler stepped on the car to assist in some work, and his weight had the effect of pulling the cable from its temporary rope fastening and the car shot to the bottom of the shaft. Mr. Bayler was thrown out through the door at the bottom and struck a brick wall, slightly injuring his hip. Mr. Abe, who was under the car, was terribly mashed. He died a short time afterward.

Christian Long, one of the best known citizens of Cumberland county, died at his home in Shippensburg at 1 o'clock Saturday morning, aged 75. He was in his usual health Friday, but in the evening was seized with a heart affection and three hours later was dead. Mr. Long was known as the richest man in Cumberland county, his wealth being estimated at \$5,000,000.

At the time of his demise, Mr. Long was the largest individual stockholder in the Cumberland Valley railroad company, holding several hundred shares. This stock he obtained at ridiculously low figures while traveling through the valley as a mender and peddler of clocks, during a period when the outlook for the future of the road was not over bright.

The World's fair at Chicago ought to be a success, if money can make it so. Thirty-nine nations and 24 colonies have prepared to make exhibits, and the money already "in sight" from various sources to be expended on buildings and exhibits exceeds \$25,000,000, without counting the expenditures of individuals or the \$5,000,000 which the National Government is to be asked to contribute.

Dan, the male ostrich of a circus wintering at Cincinnati, Ohio, died Thursday of the grip, with which he was seized some days ago, and a post-mortem was held. The lungs were found congested, and the throat was enlarged and ulcerated, while firmly fastened in the coating of the stomach the \$800 diamond that Dan picked last Summer from a gentleman's shirt front in Montreal was found imbedded.

A locomotive of the Debardeleben coal and iron company exploded eight miles south of Birmingham, Alabama, Sunday, instantly killing Joseph Hunt, the engineer and fireman Bradford.

Mrs. Ellsworth Miller, of Cold Spring, N. J., has given birth to two sets of triplets, three pairs of twins and two other children, in eight years. She is only thirty years of age.

Three sheepmen were killed and seven cowboys badly wounded in a fight at Phoenix, Arizona, Sunday. The affair was the outgrowth of a feud and further trouble is feared.

Reports from forty-four counties in Kansas showed that during seven and a half months in 1891 the farm mortgages had been reduced by a sum exceeding \$200,000.

William R. Hancoff, aged 62 years, who had been missing from his home in Altoona, for several weeks, was on Saturday found dead on the mountains east of the city.

John Manley, aged 33 years, and his son Peter, of Belair, Ohio, were found frozen to death on Saturday morning under the Ohio Valley Railroad bridge.

Thirty-eight degrees below zero was the way the thermometer talked in Deadwood, Dakota, a few days ago. That is getting the dead wood on the weather with a vengeance.

Two persons were burned to death and twenty-three injured in a wreck on the Northern Pacific near Brainerd, Minn. A broken rail was the cause of the disaster.

## CATARRH

Is a most loathsome, dangerous, and prevalent malady. It is a blood disease, usually of scrofulous origin, and for which local treatment is useless. Before health is possible, the poison must be eradicated from the system, and to do this

### SUCCESSFULLY

the disease must be treated through the blood. For this purpose no remedy is so effective as Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

"For the past eight years, I have been severely afflicted with Catarrh, none of the many remedies I tried affording me any relief. My digestion was considerably impaired, and my sleep disturbed by phlegm dropping into my throat. In September last I resolved to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, began to use it at once, and am glad to testify to a great improvement in my health." — Frank Teson, Jr., engineer, 271 West Fourth street, New York City.

"My daughter, 16 years old, was afflicted with Catarrh from her fifth year. Last August she was

### TREATED WITH

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after three months of this treatment she was completely cured. It was a most extraordinary case, as any druggist here can testify." — Mrs. D. W. Barnes, Valparaiso, Neb.

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.

## HAMPTON SELECT SCHOOL.

A Select School will be opened at HAMPTON, Pa., on MONDAY, MARCH 28th, 1892, to continue TWELVE WEEKS.

Persons preparing to teach; teachers who wish to improve the grade of their certificates, and persons preparing for business will find this school to their advantage.

Persons wishing to enter a State Normal can prepare to enter the Senior class at less expense here than elsewhere.

Good boarding can be secured in private families at reasonable rates.

For terms, boarding, &c., apply to J. W. SHUTT, Principal.

SALE NOTES and blanks of all kinds, neatly printed and bound for sale cheap at the ITEM office.

## J. H. NAU.

Littlestown, Pa., for your MONUMENTS, &c.

I am at all times prepared to furnish the most beautiful MONUMENTS, TOMBS, STONES, LINTELS, DOOR SILLS, &c., at Bargains.

My work extends all through Carroll and Frederick counties, Md., and Adams and York counties, Pa. I guarantee my prices and work to suit all persons; call and examine and satisfy yourself. All orders promptly attended to. Work delivered free. Yards on Frederick Street, Littlestown, Pa.

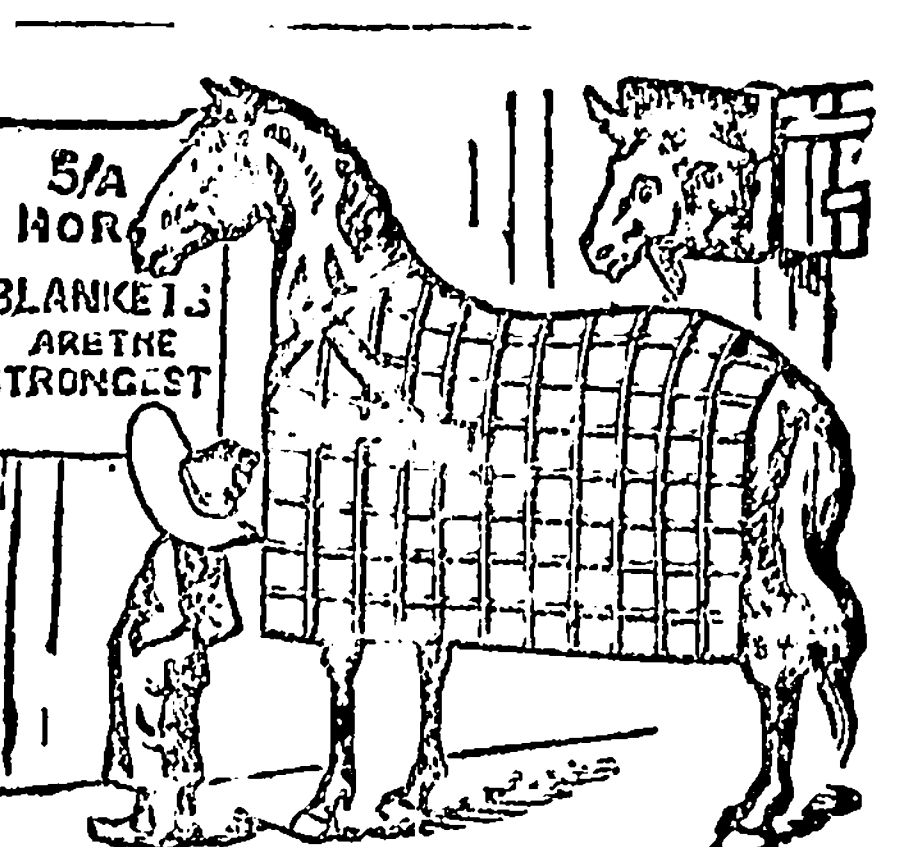
## GRAIN and PRODUCE.

The undersigned, having purchased the warehouse on PITT STREET, NEW OXFORD, PA., he will buy all kinds of GRAIN, such as Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Clover and Timothy Seed, Hay and Straw, &c. Will also keep a full stock of FLOUR, FEEDS, SALT, &c.

### LUMBER AND COAL.

The Lumber and Coal business will be continued as heretofore, with a full stock of all kinds of Lumber and Coal, which will be sold at bottom prices. Thankful for the liberal patronage given me in the past, I will endeavor to merit a continuance of the same

A. SWEELY.



WE ALL THINK SO.

Two or three dollars for a 5/8 Horse Blanket will save double its cost. Your horse will eat less to keep warm and be worth fifty dollars more.

The above blankets are for sale in New Oxford by

G. C. STOUGH.

Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Billes, Collars, Whips, Robes, &c. &c. and a specialty.

## SALE BILLS!

Do You Intend Making Public Sale of Your Personal Property This Spring?

IF YOU DO, you are probably now looking for the place to get the largest and best displayed Bills for the least money. That place, let us assure you, is right here at the ITEM office. We print larger and better displayed bills for less money than any office in this county—this we guarantee.

WE ALSO DO ALL KINDS JOB PRINTING AT VERY LOW PRICES. GIVE US A CALL.

## Job Printing!

## G. W. Weaver & Son,

GETTYSBURG.

THE LEADERS.

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CARPETS.

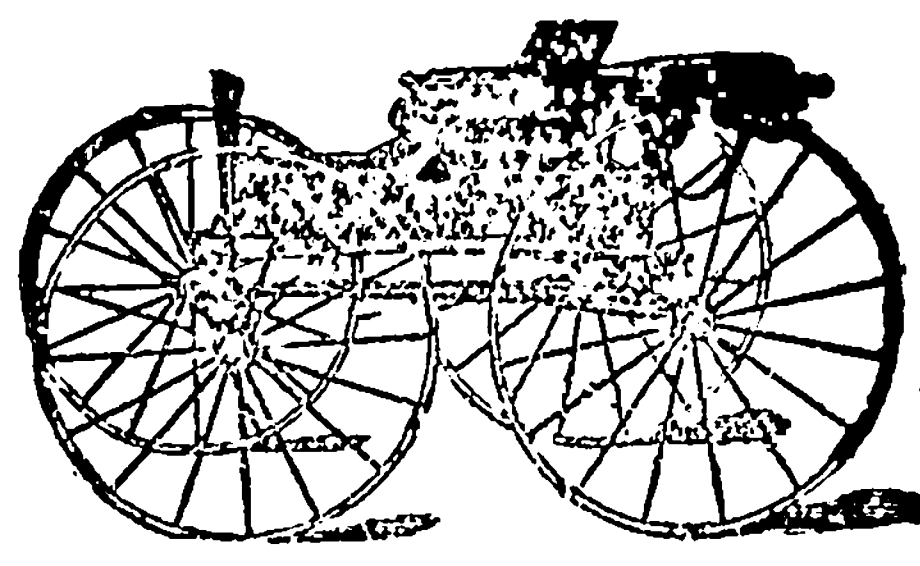
THIS IS SPECIAL BARGAIN TIME.

We will offer all through the store CUT PRICES on a great many articles pertaining to seasonable stock.

FOR CASH.

N. B.—Still have some Ladies' Coats left—will be sold cheap.

## JOHN C. KRETZ,



—MANUFACTURER OF—

Buggies, Phaetons, Surries, Extension Top Carriages, Dayton Wagons, Platform Wagons, Cutters, &c.

Repairing promptly done promptly at reasonable prices. Agent for

Anti-Rattler and Shaft Support.

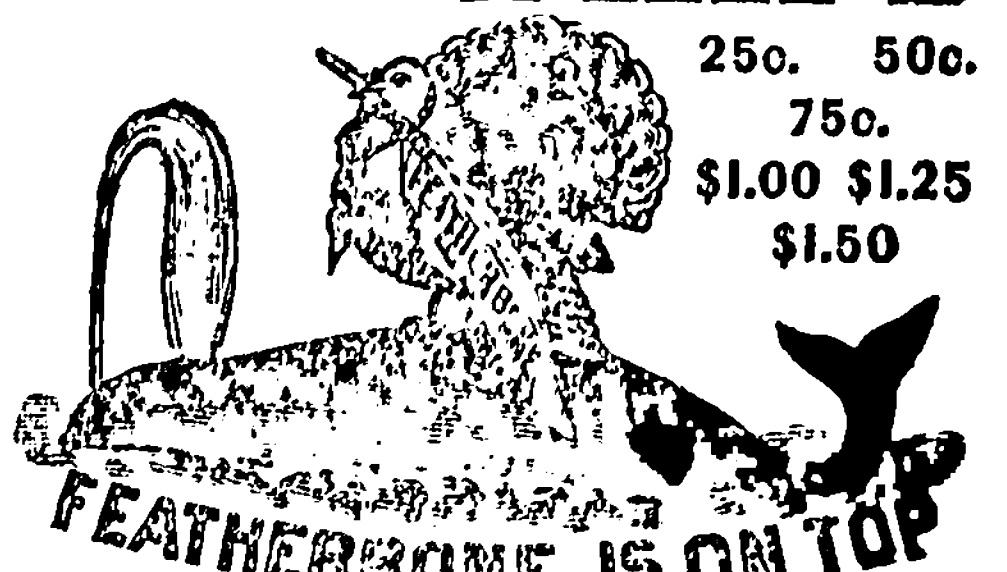
Shops on Peters Street, NEW OXFORD, PA.

## H. G. LOUGH'S MARBLE YARD

opposite the Reformed church, New Oxford, - Penn'a.

All kinds of Grave Work furnished as cheap as the cheapest, in the latest styles and of the best material. Monuments made a specialty. Persons wishing anything in his line are invited to call and examine his samples before purchasing elsewhere.

## FOR WEIPIPS



FEATHERBONE is made from QUILLS, nature's own toughest material, best adapted for the purpose. Cheap, Durable, ALL WITNESSES. All prices, ask your dealer for a FEATHERBONE. FOR SALE BY GILBERT & HIMES, - New Oxford.

## GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Z. H. CASHMAN, at the Brick Warehouse on Hanover St., NEW OXFORD, PA., will buy and sell all kinds of

Wheat, Hay, Straw, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Bran, Middlins, Chop, &c.; Also

THE BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR, Coarse and Fine Salt, &c.

Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give him a trial. Free delivery to any part of the borough. Car leaves New Oxford every Thursday afternoon for Baltimore, turning, leaves Millen Station every Friday at 1 o'clock, p. m. All orders left with him will receive prompt attention.



# THE ITEM

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

BY H. I. SMITH.

TERMS—\$1.00 per annum, in advance—\$1.50 if not paid within the year. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid. A failure to order a discontinuance at the expiration of the time subscribed for, will be considered a new engagement. ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—liberal reductions to those advertised by the year.

JOE PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest hand-bill or poster—done with dispatch, at the lowest rates.

OFFICE in Sunday's Hall, (second floor,) adjoining the Eagle Hotel, Centre Square.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 22, 1892.

## Our Sale Register.

Bills for the following sales have been or will be printed at this office. Our bills are conceded to be as attractively displayed and as well printed as any printed in this section. The Item has been proven to be as good an advertising medium for sales as any in the county. Our prices are the lowest. Notices like the following go free with every set of bills.

### FEBRUARY,

18th, Tuesday, W. C. Gable, Mountpleasant township, near Kohler's school house—horse, cow, household goods, &c.

### MARCH,

2nd, Wednesday, Wm. H. Berry, 1 mile north of New Oxford—farm stock and implements.

4th, Friday, H. L. Gitt, Oxford twp., 1/4 mile from New Oxford, along York—farm stock and implements.

7th, Monday, Michael Nell, Mountpleasant township, about 1 1/2 miles east of New Chester—farm stock and implements.

8th, Tuesday, F. G. Sneringer, adm'r of Carl J. Sneringer, dec'd, Mountpleasant tp., near Lily's mill—farm stock and implements, household goods, &c.

10th, Thursday, W. H. Deckert, Straban twp., near New Chester—farm stock and implements.

12th, Saturday, Mrs. Matilda Lawrence, Oxford township, 1/2 mile from New Oxford—household goods.

14th, Monday, Hanson Stallsmith, New Oxford borough—farm stock and implements.

15th, Tuesday, James Smith, Mountpleasant township, 2 miles west of New Oxford—farm stock and implements.

21st, Monday, Geo. E. Wolf, McSherrystown borough—farm stock and implements.

## TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Easter this year will fall on Sunday, April 17th.

Mechanicsburg piked four miles of her streets last year at a cost of \$15,500.

A farmers' institute will be held at Dillsburg, York county, February 4th and 5th.

If you want to be happy, keep at work and you won't have time to be miserable.

A Holstein bull belonging to William Harmon of Huntington township weighs 2164 pounds.

A small force is working below Spring Grove, on the new railroad from Porter's Siding to York.

On Sunday last Mrs. Barbara Lau died in Codorus township, York co. She was 103 years and 4 months old.

While hauling ice on Saturday evening, Mr. G. N. Warner's horses ran off, but fortunately no damage was done.

A Teachers' Institute was held at Heidlersburg on Saturday, at which topics relating to school work were discussed.

William Harman, of Huntington township, weighed his big Holstein bull last week, his weight being 2,164 pounds.

A pension of \$12 a month has been granted to Mrs. Margaret Homan, of Gettysburg. The back pay amounts to \$3,449.07.

A nice steer belonging to Henry C. Strayer, near Latimore P. O., jumped over a hay rack, one day last week and broke its neck.

Prof. Lewis M. Haupt, a native of Gettysburg, has been appointed by Gov. Pattison a member of the Erie Ship Canal Commission.

During the past week, Mr. H. H. Diehl, of Pitt stree, has been quite ill with something like grip, but more on the order of rheumatism of a bad type.

Mr. C. F. Coffin, who has been keeping store at Swartz's old stand on Philadelphia street, for the past year, removed his goods to Ocean City, last week.

Mr. Wm. M. Wolf, of Hanover, has been appointed through Congressman Beltzhoover to a \$1,200 clerkship in the Census Bureau at Washington, and has entered upon his duties.

The Philadelphia and Reading road have decided to begin at once the erection of two new depots; One at the Mechanicsburg and Dillsburg junction, the other at Bendersville.

They were out walking; it was cold, and he was coughing. She handed him a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and said: "Here's a little thing that I think will help you." His cough was cured in a short time.

Hanover is after a silk mill, the sight for which has been selected.

Judge Sadler, of Carlisle, has filed an opinion in which he decrees that the Sheriff is not entitled to fees for drawing jurors.

Court for the granting of licenses was held Wednesday. Three remonstrances were filed—against John H. Beck, at Round-Top, Elijah E. Albert at Heidlersburg, and Peter Shively, at Fairfield.

If you want a good Mt. Joy Plow, or any kind of farm machinery, call on or address, T. C. NOEL, Centennial, Adams county, Pa. Repairs for Mt. Joy plows always on hand.

James Wilson Paxton, formerly of this county, died suddenly on the 6th inst., at Los Angeles, California, whither he had gone for his health. He was a son of Dr. John Paxton, who died in Gettysburg about sixty years ago. He practiced law for a time at Redwood, Minnesota, and afterwards in Tacoma, Washington. He was about 64 years old.

About 8 o'clock Tuesday morning F. W. Hoopes, a dairyman, was driving over the crossing of the railroad at Carlisle Avenue, York, when his team was struck by the west bound passenger train. Mr. Hoopes was thrown a distance nearly seventy feet and injured, it is supposed, fatally. The wagon was a complete wreck. The horse was stunned, but afterwards got up and was driven home.

A farmer in Silver Spring township, Cumberland county, reports the horses in that township suffering from influenza to such an extent that it is with much difficulty that sufficient power can be had to do ordinary farm work. Recently on the farm of John Coble eight horses were pressed into service for threshing and in a short time all of them became so exhausted that the work had to stop.

At the meeting of Good Samaritan Lodge, F. and A. M., of Gettysburg, on Thursday evening, the W. M., G. J. Benner, in a neat speech, presented Mr. D. A. Skelly, who for many years has been the faithful and efficient Secretary of the Lodge, with a solid gold watch, the front of the case having a finely engraved monogram of his initials and the back the Masonic badge. Mr. Skelly was taken entirely by surprise and in a feeling manner expressed his heartfelt thanks for the handsome testimonial.

Mr. John G. Kretz, the popular coach manufacturer, of Peters street, has leased the entire shops, portions of which he at present occupies, for the coming year when he will carry on his business on a more extensive scale, and conduct country smithing as well. Mr. Kretz's work has given the best of satisfaction, and he has built up an extensive trade purely upon its merits. Coach painting and repairing a specialty; the painting being done by a tasty and masterful painter of nineteen years experience.

Mr. David G. Althoff, a well-known carriage maker, died at his home in Hanover last Tuesday, aged 56 years. He was a wood-worker by trade, and was employed at York for three years, returning to Hanover last August, since when he worked at the Ketterer wagon works, until the building collapsed last November. Although seemingly only slightly hurt, he has never left the house since, consumption being, however, assigned as the cause of death. His wife died two years ago; he leaves five children.

This, Friday night, 22nd, the old-time play of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" will be presented in Miller's Hall, this place, by an entirely new company under the management of Marney & McGowan. The play and its merits are so well known that it is useless to speak of it.—The company carries an excellent band and orchestra, and will have a street parade in the afternoon at 2 o'clock, when the bloodhounds, ponies and donkeys can be seen in all their glory. The Alabama Jubilee Singers with the combination are said to be superb. A full house should greet them.

The Harrisburg Telegraph says: A most singular electrical phenomenon was witnessed in the Telegraph press room this week. The "sized" paper used in printing a weekly journal was so charged with electricity that it flew about at the slightest touch. It was almost impossible to print on it. The paper would glide towards the feeders as if propelled by some unseen hands and cling to their clothing like sticky fly paper. Nothing like it had been seen about this office since the days of a former foreman of the job room, who used to light the gas in a singular way. Holding the tips of his fingers close to a rapidly moving belt he would place the fore finger of the other hand to the gas jet and light it by the electric current passing through his body.

Isaac Herz of the P. B. O. House, Hanover, has made a wholesale reduction in prices to clear out the winter suits and overcoats, which have been left over. Spring is approaching and he must have the room for spring and summer goods; therefore, he has out the winter stock down one-third in price—33 1/3 per cent. off every garment. Call at once for these bargains.

TAKE NOTICE—A great reduction in prices in men's and boys' coarse boots; also a large stock of mens', boys', ladies', Misses and children's shoes, of every description, at and below cost. Do not fail to come and see my stock and obtain bargains.

H. K. SCHNELL, New Oxford.

The re-elected board of directors of the First National Bank, of Hanover are: Vincent O'Bold, Geo. D. Gitt, Andrew Rudisill, G. H. Shirk, J. D. Zouck, John Krug and D. W. Forry, of Hanover; A. S. Himes, of New Oxford, and Joseph Molland, of York. The board organized on Wednesday: President, Vincent O'Bold; Vice President, Geo. D. Gitt, secretary, G. H. Shirk.

Baltimore & Harrisburg Railway Co., elected President, A. W. Eichelberger; Directors, J. M. Hood, W. S. Rayner, C. W. Slagle, David Wills, R. Young, L. P. Brockley, J. L. Boyer, W. H. Vickery, H. E. Young and R. M. Wirt.

Berlin Branch Railroad, President, A. W. Eichelberger; Directors, H. A. Young, Stephen Keefer, Dr. R. N. Meisenholder, Rev. Daniel Eberly, Jos. Wolf, W. S. Hilderbrand, Jos. Resser, Michael Rebert and W. G. Leas.

The York Dispatch says: Chas. Lau, against whom a true bill was found by the grand jury, on the charge of murdering Frank Hershey, was arraigned in court Monday afternoon. District Attorney Bentzel read the bill of indictment to the prisoner. When he pronounced the words accusing Lau of deliberately and willfully murdering Frank Hershey, the prisoner could scarce refrain from laughing, so trivial a matter did he deem it. When he took his seat beside his attorney, E. D. Ziegler, he smiled as though he were greatly pleased at something. Mr. Ziegler announced that he would begin habeas corpus proceedings in the case on Monday. Lau is a tall young man, of angular build and boyish in his manner. He does not look to be over twenty-one years of age and appears as cool as one there on a pure business mission. He was remanded back to jail to await a habeas corpus hearing at which it will be determined whether or not he can be released on bail.

## Overcoats.

If you have the least idea of buying an overcoat for yourself or boys this winter, do not fail to come and take a look at our stock. We have determined to clear up our stock regardless of cost. In Ladies and Children's coats we will also give you some big bargains. Come now while you need them, as winter has only commenced. SHEELY & BRO.

## Sold by the Sheriff.

Sheriff Stoner on Saturday sold the following properties:

Tract of 70 acres in Hamiltonban township, with buildings, belonging to Edward Keese, to Trustees of Valley Home Lodge, I. O. O. F., at \$670.

Tract of 14 acres in same township, with buildings, belonging to same, to C. S. Duncan, Esq., at \$50.

Tract of 5 acres in Mountjoy township, with buildings, to Wm. J. Collins, at \$240.

Tract of 17 acres and 57 perches in Latimore township, with buildings, property of G. R. and Mary Ann Brandt, to Wm. B. Brough, at \$900.

Tract of 18 acres, adjoining above, to same at \$500.

## The Border Raid Bill

The Border Raid Commission met at Washington on Saturday. There were present Attorney General Hensel, Judge Kirkpatrick, Auditor General McCamant, Thos. B. Kennedy, Captain Skinner, and James H. Parker. The commission discussed the probabilities of passing the border raid bill at great length. Chairman Beltzhoover, of the War Claims committee, appeared before them and stated that he had received authority from the committee to report the bill favorably. This advances the bill two months further than it was advanced two years ago at this time, and Mr. Beltzhoover said he hoped to bring the bill to a vote. The committee mapped out an active campaign. Judge Kirkpatrick was elected president, Ben Nead secretary and James H. Parker treasurer. Committees were appointed to prepare the arguments, see the Senators and look after the bill generally and Parker and Nead were instructed to stay there through the session.

## Property Sales.

Samuel Fleming has bought of Lydia A. Klingler her two-story frame house in Gettysburg for \$900 cash.

The Daniel Hoffman real estate, in Latimore township, has been sold, Miss Annie V. Hoffman purchasing the homestead, containing 11 acres with improvements for \$2,215. The undivided one-half interest in the saw mill property was bought by Howard Fickel at \$400, and the ten acre tract of timberland by Annie V. Hoffman and Curtis J. Hoffman at \$262. The six acre tract belonging to the estate of Sarah E. Hoffman went to Curtis J. Hoffman at \$489.

Mr. S. N. Bailey, of Dillsburg, recently purchased at public sale from M. J. Blackford, the S. F. Beitman property, in York Springs, for \$1100. David F. Stoner, trustee, has sold a tract of land containing 41 acres in Hamiltonban township to Dr. A. S. Bonebrake, of Waynesboro, at \$6.75 an acre.

Mr. John P. Butt, attorney-in-fact for David Metz and wife, has sold the following mountain tracts in Hamiltonban township to the persons named: Seven acres and 13 perches at \$6.97 1/2 per acre to John W. Baker; 4 acres and 50 perches at \$11 per acre to Samuel Bishop; 9 acres and 130 perches at \$5.05 per acre to C. J. Deardorff and H. L. Sponse; 5 acres and 39 perches at \$9.60 per acre to C. P. Bream; 10 acres and 79 perches at \$13.62 1/2 per acre, and 5 acres and 67 perches at \$9.55 per acre to H. E. Riddlemoser.

On Saturday James Lawver, administrator of Isaac Lawver, sold 64 acres of mountain land in Franklin township to Harry Lawver at \$39.38 per acre, and 15 acres at \$20.10 per acre to John A. Sheenah.

## Painton Must Hang.

At York, on Saturday, the murderer William Henry Painton received his death sentence. Both Judges Latimer and Bittinger were on the bench. In reply to the question by President Judge Latimer, "Have you anything to say why the sentence of death should not be pronounced?" Painton said:

"I have only this to say, that I don't think it was a fair trial, and that if anything is to be done, I hope it will be done quickly, so that I may not be persecuted any longer."

The Judge then said: "The sentence of the court is that you be taken from here to the place from whence you came, and from thence to the place of execution, where you shall be hanged by the neck until you be dead, dead, dead, and may God have mercy on your soul."

The Judge was visibly affected. Painton became very pale. The case may go to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Daniel Smith, who was also implicated in the Strominger murder, and pleaded guilty of burglary and robbery, received a sentence of fifteen years' imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary. Franklin Smith, for the same offenses, received ten years.

## From Arendtsville.

On last Wednesday night some malicious person attempted to burn Excelsior school house, in Menallen township, by saturating the door and steps with coal oil and setting it on fire. The weather being damp and rainy, it only burnt the door slightly and went out. On Friday night it was fired again by placing some combustible material under the building through a hole in the wall, where it made very little progress until morning, when it was discovered to be on fire by John H. Orner who gave the alarm. By the assistance of the neighbors it was put out. The sleepers and about one-third of the floor were burned.

Last Thursday, Dr. G. Hemminger, of Carlisle, assisted by Dr. Thomas of Arendtsville, amputated the breast of Mrs. Peter Taylor, the result of a cancerous tumor.

## From Fairfield.

One night last week the fine driving horse of R. K. Ness had its leg broken—presumably by one of the other horses—and had to be killed.

There has been about 12,000 bushels of wheat shipped from the elevator at Fairfield Station since harvest.

D. B. Russell, Esq., has sold the timber on about 250 acres of his land to Mr. Geo. Hull, of Hanover; price \$18 per acre, with six years' time to remove the lumber. It is the intention of Mr. Hull to have the first-class timber cut out for sawing, and the residue cut into cord wood and shipped to Hanover at the rate of about 1,000 cords a year.

Invest, young man! invest! twenty-five cents for a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup if your sweetheart has a cough, and be happy.

## Found Dead.

John B. Shrum, a widower who lived in James Irvine's house in Franklin township, was found dead last Monday morning, 11th. He was discovered by Mrs. Clapsaddle, a neighbor who was taking him something to eat, lying in the kitchen with the bolt of the door clutched in his hand. It is supposed that he got up in the morning, was suddenly taken ill and died before he could call assistance. John I. McKendrick passed by the house Sunday evening and saw smoke coming from the chimney. Some unburnt sticks of wood were found in the stove, so, it was concluded, that his death occurred Monday morning. An inquest was held, the verdict being that he died from a stroke of paralysis. Several years ago he suffered a stroke which very much impaired his health. He was a soldier and a pensioner.

The best and surest dye to color the beard brown or black, as may be desired, is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers. It never fails.

## MARRIED.

Jan. 6, by Rev. F. S. Lindaman, Milton F. Snyder, of Mountjoy twp., to Miss Emma Slinghoff, of Mountjoy township.

Jan. 12, at Conewago Chapel, by Rev. D. L. Brand, S. J., Francis S. Olinger to Miss Emma J. Small, both of Mountpleasant township.

Jan. 14, in Bendersville, by Rev. J. M. Rice, Wm. Webb, Jr., of Menallen township, to Miss Jennie Carson, of Bendersville.

Jan. 8, at Grant, Indiana county, Pa., by Rev. F. W. Ware, Charles A. Plank, of Cumberland township, to Miss Maude E. Kellar.

Jan. 12, by Rev. A. G. Fastnacht, Charles Miller, of Bermudian, this county, to Miss Bell Spangler, of Mt. Royal, York county.

## DIED.

Deaths free—tributes, services, &c., 5 cents a line

Jan. 18, in this place, Mr. Henry Kehm, one of our oldest and most respected citizens, aged about 86 years. Funeral this, Friday, morning; interment in New Oxford Cemetery.

Jan. 9, in Chalotte, Mich., Miss Hannah Toland, formerly of York Springs, in her 86th year.

Jan. 14, in Highland township, Mr. Jephtha Dubs, aged 86 years, 10 months and 22 days.

Jan. 16, in Cumberland township, Mr. John Plantz, aged 66 years and 21 days.

Jan. 17, in Washington, D. C., Mr. Charles X. Martin, formerly of Gettysburg, aged 67 years, 3 months and 1 day.

Jan. 17, in Gettysburg, Mrs. Margaret Zeigler, aged 89 years, 8 months and 24 days.

Jan. 15, in Straban township, Mrs. Ann Maria Beamer, aged 76 years, 7 months and 21 days.

Jan. 14, in Cumberland township, Mrs. Julia Ann Slonaker, aged 83 years.

Jan. 15, in Cumberland township, Mary Elsie Gregg, daughter of Chas. E. and Maggie E. Gregg, of Quarryville, Lanc. co., and grand-daughter of John T. Slentz, aged 1 year, 3 months and 2 days.

Jan. 11, in Huntington township, Mrs. Mary Ann Dittenhafer, wife of George Dittenhafer, aged 59 years, 11 months and 9 days.

Jan. 15, in Butler township, Mrs. Leah Myers, aged 83 years 5 months and 26 days.

## THE MARKETS.

| NEW OXFORD.—By Z. H. Cashman |        |
|------------------------------|--------|
| Choice Wheat                 | \$0.90 |
| No. 2 "                      | 0.88   |
| No. 3 "                      | 0.85   |
| Barley                       | 0.75   |
| Corn                         | 0.38   |
| Oats                         | 0.25   |
| Clover seed                  | 0.81   |
| Timothy seed                 | 0.81   |
| Timothy hay                  | 6.00   |
| Rye straw                    | 7.00   |

| EAST BERLIN MARKETS.           |        |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| By B. Morgan Smith, Sons & Co. |        |
| No. 1 L. B. Wheat              | \$0.90 |
| No. 2 "                        | 0.88   |
| No. 3 "                        | 0.85   |
| RETAIL.                        |        |
| Snow Drift Flour               | \$5.40 |
| 2nd grade "                    | 4.50   |
| Bran                           | 1.10   |
| Midlings                       | 1.25   |
| Chop                           | 1.30   |

## CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all throat and lung affections. Also, catarrh of the bladder, Nervous Debility, and all Nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellow-men. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, enclosing this paper, to W. A. NOYES, 229 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.



## WE BUILD THE LADDER.

Heaven is not reached at a single bound,  
But we build the ladder by which we rise  
From the lowly earth to the vaulted skies,  
And we mount to the summit round by  
round.

I count this thing to be grandly true,  
That a noble deed is a step toward God,  
Lifting the soul from the common sod  
To a purer air and a broader view.

We rise by the things that are under foot,  
By what we have mastered of greed and  
gain,  
By the pride disposed and the passion  
slain,  
And the vanquished ills that we hourly  
meet.

We hope, we aspire, we resolve, we trust,  
When the morning calls us to life and  
light;  
But our hearts grow weary, and ere the  
night

Our lives are trailing the sordid dust.

We hope, we aspire, we resolve, we pray,  
And we think that we mount the air on  
wings,

Beyond the recall of sensual things,  
While our feet still cling to the heavy clay.

Wings for the angels, but feet for the men!  
We may borrow the wings to find the  
way;

We may hope and aspire and resolve and  
pray,  
But our feet must rise or we fall again.

Only in dreams is a ladder thrown

From the weary earth to the sapphire  
walls;

But the dream departs and the vision  
fals,

And the sleeper wakes on his pillow of stone.

Heaven is not reached at a single bound,  
But we build the ladder by which we rise  
From the lowly earth to the vaulted  
skies,

And we mount to the summit, round by  
round.

—J. G. Holland.

## THREE AGAINST TEN.

AN EPISODE OF THE SEMINOLE WAR.



in the stern. Five minutes before the  
crocodiles and cranes, water turkeys,  
bitterns and herons had had the black,  
oozy river all to themselves as it slug-  
gishly made its way through the swampy  
palmettos and cypress.

The boat bumped along slowly, strik-  
ing against cypress trees and fallen tree  
trunks. The paddlers looked anxious  
for the chance of finding a comfortable  
camping ground was growing slighter  
before young Will Loring began to be  
sick of his escapade. He had left the  
camp eight miles away without orders  
and taken two of his company with him  
to do Indian scouting on his own ac-  
count.

Little more than a year before he had  
been a schoolboy, playing soldier in the  
streets of St. Augustine with other  
youngsters. When the Seminole War  
of 1835 broke out, sweeping with a wave  
of fire and massacre across the State, he  
ran away from home and joined a com-  
pany of volunteers. His daring and  
coolness at the battles of the With-  
lacoochee and Alaquah, in connection  
with the social importance of his family,  
had given him his epaulets at an age  
when other boys of the same years were  
still in terror of the schoolmaster's birch.

"Wall, Lieutenant," drawled one of  
the men as he peered wearily into the  
depths of the dark cypress arches, "we're  
in a 'orrid fix, I reckon. If we keep on  
we'll run plumb into a nest of then Injin  
devils, dead shore."

Both the soldiers were Crackers, bred  
in the woods and swamps, good shots  
and skillful hunters, though thin, slouch-  
ing figures were not ornaments to a  
dress parade.

"Keep on paddling," said young Lor-  
ing in low tones, but with an air of stern-  
ness, which did not set well on his  
smooth face and mischievous black eyes,  
"and await my orders." Then feeling  
that he had asserted his authority, he  
continued with a burst of boyish confi-  
dence, "I tell you what it is, Scraggs,  
we'll have to get back to that hammock,  
about a mile up the river, where we can  
find pine knots to cook supper; don't  
you think so?"

"Bless you, Lieutenant, d'ye hanker  
to lose yer skelp? No supper to-night  
but a drink of swamp water, and a chew  
of raw bacon. I'll bet there's a hun-  
dred of red varmints in two miles on  
us."

"You're not afraid, Scraggs, are you?"  
said the youngster with a lordly air; "a  
fellow who can bore a potato tossed in  
the air at a hundred yards with a rifle  
ball, ought to have plenty of spunk."

"A leetle more skeery than I war forty  
year ago," answered the Cracker, with a  
twinkle in his eye. "Howsomever, as  
men of my inches do, I reckon I've got  
as much cl'ar grit as most on 'em."

This talk had gone on in half whis-  
pers. The darkness was increasing every min-  
ute. The boyish officer in spite of his  
airs was evidently uneasy, for his eyes

shot continual glances ahead and on both  
sides into the swamp, as the dugout  
glided at a snail's pace. They were  
nearing another bend in the stream,  
when through the tangle of leaf and vine  
there was a red gleam like a huge firefly.  
Without waiting orders Scraggs whirled  
the boat back with a powerful paddle,  
and turned to his officer with eyes al-  
most starting from their sockets, shaking  
his head in warning.

"Injuns, Injuns, Lieutenant Will, a  
dozen on 'em," he whispered. "I seed  
the hind end of two canoes jiss roun' the  
bend. Thar must be a hummock whar  
they're camped. They're jiss 'got  
through eatin', an' are stampin' out the  
embers. Sh—don't speak. I'll work  
the old scow deep into the cypress.  
We'll see what tricks they're up to, see-  
in' we're hyar and can't get away very  
easy. But by Jimmy, my skelp kinder  
crawls as if 'twould not be thar to-mor-  
row mornin'."

Young Loring nodded, and the pad-  
dlers cautiously forced the boat fifty feet  
through the mouth of a black arch into  
the heart of the swamp. Hidden here  
they were nearer the savages than before,  
and could hear their movements.

It soon became clear that the party of  
Seminoles had no purpose of leaving  
their camp that night, and no suspicion  
of white men close at hand. One by one  
they dropped asleep, and their slumber  
chorus, which sounded not unlike the  
grunting of the alligators in the swamp,  
was music to the prisoners squatted in  
their gloomy covert.

Three hours had passed, and the grow-  
ing light that silvered the lagoon outside  
of their retreat proved the moon well up  
over the tops of the trees. "Now is our  
time," whispered Scraggs, "to get out  
this hole and paddle up stream for a safe  
landing place and vamouse back to  
camp."

Lieutenant Loring answered not a  
word. His boyish mind was deep in  
thought—a daring thought which thrilled  
him with excitement.

If he returned to camp as he left it  
there was sure to be sharp reprimand,  
perhaps a court martial for absence with-  
out leave. The excuse that he was an  
irresponsible lad would alone save him,  
and at that fancy his heart had waxed  
hot with shame. But to go back as con-  
queror and hero—ah! that was worth  
risking his scalp for.

"Are ye asleep?" whispered Scraggs  
again.

"No," was the reply; "I am going to  
take these redskins back to camp with  
me. So, Scraggs, you two can just tie  
your hair on, for it will soon be in  
peril."

The men jumped as if they heard the  
whizz of Seminole lead.

"You see it would be a shame to  
sneak back empty handed. We can't  
exactly take their scalps, but we can take  
themselves as a present to the General,"  
said the ingenious youth. "The Indians  
are fast asleep. We'll paddle up and  
take their canoes. Then I'll land on the  
hummock, you know, and pick up their  
rifles. Then in the morning we can or-  
der them to surrender on peril of being  
shot down, for we shall have loaded  
guns, and they'll have none."

The two Crackers groaned over this  
piece of youthful strategy, but Scraggs  
responded:

"All right, Lieutenant, I s'pose we've  
got to die some time."

The dugout left its covert and glided  
silent as a shadow into the open stream.  
A few strokes brought them in full  
sight of the Indian camp. The island  
where the savages lay was well-shadowed  
by the trees, but their forms could be  
dimly seen stretched on the earth.  
Silently the little party detached the  
two canoes and towed them to a secure  
position, where they fastened them to a  
cypress tree fifty yards from shore.

As the boat approached the shore on  
its second more dangerous mission,  
young Loring slipped off his boots and  
stepped into the ooze, regardless of  
moccasins and rattlers. Scraggs and  
his comrade covering the advance with  
 leveled guns, felt their stout hearts quake  
as their boy leader crept in among those  
sleeping figures of bronze.

A stumble or the snapping of a twig  
might make the difference of life and  
death. The lad moved as if he were a  
cat. The coarse hummock grass, armed  
with minute thorns, cut into his flesh,  
but he scarcely felt them. The sleeping  
redskins lay partly in the moonlight and  
partly in the shade of the trees which  
rose in the centre of the hummock, each  
one with his rifle by his side, the fierce  
copper face chiseled as if in metal.

Had the Indians disposed of their guns  
as the whites do, by stacking or resting  
them against a tree, the task of securing  
them would have been less risky. But  
they had kept their arms within reach,  
and some even had their tomahawks  
loosened from the belts as if for instant  
use. The Indian rarely sets a guard at  
night, unless in the immediate presence  
of an enemy. Here in the depth of a  
great cypress swamp, impassable to  
troops, a surprise would seem impos-  
sible. Yet even now the cunning and  
suspicion of the race had not forsaken  
them.

The nerves of the young officer were  
strung to the highest tension. One by  
one he stealthily lifted the rifles from the  
earth till he had what he could carry.  
These he bore to the low bank and  
passed to the men on guard in the dug-  
out. No word was exchanged. Again  
he returned to the dangerous sleepers,  
a distance of about a hundred feet from  
shore, for a second load. A brawny sav-  
age tossing in his dreams gave a fierce

grunt and threw out a hand, which  
touched the young thief's ankle as if to  
clutch it. The moment thrilled him with  
all the agony of discovery, but he stood  
stock still waiting for something further.  
It was a false alarm, but cold sweat  
poured from his face. Another of the  
savages had his hand on the stock of his  
gun, and the piece had to be gently slid  
from under his fingers.

Again, the third time, he went back  
to complete his work. The moon was  
now high up in the sky, and poured a  
flood of light on the little island. The  
recumbent Indians were cut out like  
monstrous silhouettes against the ground.  
The boy's swimming head warned him  
that his strength couldn't last much  
longer. But he resolutely went at his  
task, though his throat felt as if squeezed  
by an iron grip. He had gathered the  
last armful, when one of the red men in  
his dreams raised himself on his haunches  
and sat with chin resting on his knees.  
The moonshine flickered on his face  
through the quivering foliage, and his  
sunken eyes appeared half open and fol-  
lowing his white enemy. The watchful  
Scraggs, too, observed this movement,  
and his tanned cheeks turned white as  
chalk, as his finger was about to press  
his rifle-trigger. But he waited, and the  
savage sleeper made no further sign.

At last the work was done. The ten  
minutes had seemed a year. The lad stag-  
gered to the boat, staggering as if with  
an ague. "I must speak," he panted,  
"or I shall yell. I thought twice I'd  
have to whoop or go into a faint. But,  
Scraggs, I pulled through, didn't I!  
Help me in."

"Wall! You've got the guns, shore,"  
said Scraggs, "and drat my skin of the  
biggest bully in Jessup's camp would a  
done it."

No time had been lost while Scraggs  
was relieving his mind; the dugout was  
skimming out into the stream with lively  
paddle strokes. The plan was boldly  
executed in the morning. With the  
coming of light the Seminoles discov-  
ered the robbery of their weapons and  
rushed to the edge of the swamp with  
frantic yells, brandishing their toma-  
hawks. But the marauders were far be-  
yond the throw of axe or knife, and sat  
with levelled rifles.

Then came a shrill voice, demanding  
in Spanish the instant surrender of the  
little Seminole band, for at that time  
nearly everyone in Florida knew some-  
thing of this language. After consid-  
erable parley the red men agreed to throw  
their knives and tomahawks into the  
marsh. They were taken aboard in pairs  
and their right wrists tightly fastened  
together with stout strips of Scraggs's  
homespun shirt. The dugout towed the  
canoes up stream, while the young officer  
sat in the stern and guarded the captives  
with loaded pistols.

So the daredevil returned to camp the  
same afternoon, and instead of a rowing  
he was covered with praise and honor by  
General Jessup and his little army.

This boy afterward became a dis-  
tinguished General—Major General  
William W. Loring—who led armies in  
the far distant East as a Pasha in the  
service of the Egyptian Khedive, as well  
as in this country. But in his long car-  
eer he never did anything more daring  
and heroic than the feat planned and  
executed by the boy of fifteen, the sub-  
stantial facts of which were told me by  
the General himself.—G. F. Ferris, in  
St. Louis Republic.

## Reversible Snakes in India.

A snake not often heard of, at least in  
America, is the liver-colored snake with  
two heads, or perhaps they should be  
called mouths, though it does not have  
two mouths at the same time. They are  
reversible mouths, occupying the opposite  
end every six months. It lies with the  
two ends crossed in each other, as with  
folded hands. Every six months the  
change of the seasons reverses the func-  
tions of the two ends, the head becoming  
the tail and the tail becoming the head.  
The mouth at one end heals or closes up  
all but a small opening, while the oppo-  
site end becomes the mouth for the next  
six months.

A friend of mine in India who told  
me about this remarkable snake said he  
refused for a long time to believe that  
the functions of the two ends were re-  
versed every six months, but one day he  
found one of these snakes in the jungle  
and carried it home, where he had a  
physician examine it. The result was,  
the physician confirmed the stories of  
the creature, and my friend was skepti-  
cal no longer. I learned no other name for  
this singular reptile than that of "the  
liver-colored snake."—Hartford (Conn.)  
Times.

## Rubber Tires For Carriages.

The success of rubber tires on bicycles,  
has frequently led to attempts to increas-  
the comfort of buggy and carriage rid-  
ing by fixing tires on to wheels, but in  
the majority of instances the attempt  
was not a success, as the tire either cam-  
off or wore out in a very short space of  
time. Since, however, pneumatic tires  
have displaced the solid ones on bicycles,  
the attempt is being renewed, and bug-  
gies and other vehicles are likely to be  
seen on the boulevards in large num-  
bers before long as noiseless and free  
from vibration as bicycles. Carriage  
builders believe there is an immen-  
se amount of money to be made out of  
vehicles with rubber tires on the wheels,  
and they are likely to keep on experi-  
menting until they finally succeed in  
producing the desired article.—St. Louis  
Globe-Democrat.

## HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS.

### HOW TO WASH WINDOWS.

Choose a dull day, when the sun is  
not shining on the windows, to wash  
them. Then they will not be streaked.  
Take a painter's brush and dust the  
windows inside and out, washing all the  
woodwork inside before touching the  
glass. The latter must be washed simply  
in warm water and diluted ammonia—  
do not use soap.

Take a small cloth with a pointed stick  
to get the dust out of the corners; wipe  
dry with a soft piece of cotton cloth—  
do not use linen, as it makes the glass  
lumpy and dry. Polish with tissue paper  
or old newspaper.—New York World.

### HANDKERCHIEF CASE.

Cut two strips of two shades of pink  
ribbon three inches in width and three-  
quarters of a yard long. Also a piece of  
pale-blue China silk of the same length  
of the ribbon and six inches wide.  
Overhand the ribbon together, and  
point one end; to this point fasten a  
rosset of baby ribbon of the two shades  
of pink. Lay one thickness of sheet  
wadding over the China silk, dust well  
with sachet powder, and fasten securely.  
Cover the wadding with the strips of  
ribbon and fasten. On the square end  
of the China silk side measure off three  
squares, and with baby ribbon of the  
same shades of the rosset cross from cor-  
ner to corner, finishing with tiny bows.  
Slip the handkerchiefs under these rib-  
bons, which will hold them in place.  
Fold up the case so that the pointed  
end with the rosset will be on top.—  
American Farmer.

### CANNING PEACHES AND PEARS.

To can peaches or pears, use two  
kettles. In one have your sugar and  
water and boil the fruit in this. In  
another have a boiling syrup made of  
white sugar and water, about one heap-  
ing cup of sugar and a scant half-cup of  
water. When the fruit is thoroughly  
heated and so soft that it can be pierced  
with a fork, take it out with a wire  
spoon or skimmer and place in a glass  
jar. Fill to the top and then pour in  
all the syrup possible. The water in  
which the fruit is cooked can be boiled  
down and by adding more sugar you can  
have marmalade. To prepare peaches  
for canning, pare with a thin, sharp  
knife, halve and remove the stone. Do  
not prepare more than enough for one jar  
at a time, as they discolor so rapidly.  
Have all your jars perfectly sweet, wring  
a towel out of cold water, lay one end  
down, set the jar on it and wrap the rest  
of the towel round the jar. This is a  
better process than putting the jars in  
hot water before putting in the fruit.

### EASY WAY TO WASH DISHES.

I have an improved plan for washing  
dishes, writes a housewife, which has  
been practised in some households in  
this city, and which has been pro-  
nounced a great success.

First, have your water boiling hot.  
This is essential. Provide yourself with  
a common painter's brush, with a handle  
about ten inches long. If the bristles  
are not found convenient tie a piece of  
soft rag at the end of a stick of the same  
length. Take the plates, and, after re-  
moving all the scraps, pile them on top  
of each other in the empty dish pan.  
Pour enough hot water the topmost  
dish to fill the dish, tuck up one  
end of the dish with your finger, wash  
front and back with the brush. In  
France special brushes trimmed with  
thin rope about four inches long, instead  
of brushes are used for this purpose.

Remember, it is not the plates, but  
the hot water, that pains the hands.  
When this is completed the water will be  
in the next dish. Lift the clean dish  
out, and place it on its edge against the  
wall. Put in more hot water, and per-  
form the same operation on all the other  
dishes, and when the work is finished  
you will find that the heat has dried the  
plates, and that they do not require to  
be wiped. By this method you need not  
scald or wet your hands, and you also  
avoid the trouble of wiping, which is  
half the work.—Detroit News.

### RECIPES.

Cottage Cheese—Set a pan of clab-  
bered sour milk over the fire, scald until  
the whey separates, pour into a strainer  
and squeeze dry, put in a dish, season  
with salt, a tablespoonful of butter and  
sweet cream enough to moisten, mix well,  
make into balls and set in a cool place.  
Breakfast Muffins—One egg, half a  
pint of sweet milk, one tablespoonful of  
butter, one tablespoonful of sugar, two  
teaspoonfuls of baking powder sifted into  
the flour, flour enough to make a batter  
as stiff as cake, and a dust of salt. This  
rule will make about one dozen; bake in  
muffin rings or gem irons; have the irons  
hot and well greased.

Popovers—Heat two eggs together,  
add half a pint of milk and a dust of  
salt, then slowly add a scant half-pint of  
sifted flour, stirring all the time, make  
very smooth so there are not any lumps;  
grease the gem irons and keep them hot,  
then fill half full and bake in a moderate  
oven half an hour or more. Do not have  
the oven too hot at first.

Potato Salad—Boil six large potatoes  
till tender, cool and cut up in small  
pieces and pour over them the following  
dressing: Take the yolks of four hard  
boiled eggs and rub with a little pepper,  
salt and mustard; add a little celery cut  
up fine and a little oil; then add enough  
vinegar to make of the consistency of  
any salad dressing; cut the whites of the  
eggs in rings and put on the top.

## THE EARLY OWL.

An Owl once lived in a hollow tree,  
And he was as wise as wise could be.  
The branch of Learning he didn't know  
Could scarce on the tree of knowledge  
grow.

He knew the tree from branch to root,  
And an Owl like that can afford to hoot.

And he hooted—until, alas! one day  
He chanced to hear, in a casual way,  
An insignificant little bird.

Make use of a term he had never heard,  
He was flying to bed in the dawning light  
When he heard her singing with all her  
might,

"Hurrah! hurrah for the early worm!"  
"Dear me!" said the Owl, "what a singu-  
lar term!"

I would look it up if it weren't so late;  
I must rise at dusk to investigate.  
Early to bed and early to rise  
Makes an Owl healthy and stealthy and  
wise!

So he slept like an honest Owl all day,  
And rose in early twilight gray,  
And went to work in the dusky light  
To look for the early worm all night.

He searched the country for miles around,  
But the early worm was not to be found.  
So he went to bed in the dawning light,  
And looked for the "worm" again next  
night.

And again and again, and again and again,  
He sought and he sought, but all in vain,  
Till he must have looked for a year and a  
day

For the early worm, in the twilight gray.

At last in despair he gave up the search,  
And was heard to remark, as he sat on his  
perch

By the side of his nest in the hollow tree,  
"The thing is as plain as night to me—  
Nothing can shake my conviction firm,  
There's no such thing as the early worm!"  
—Oliver Herford, in St. Nicholas.

## HUMOR OF THE DAY.

Brightest idea of the century—The  
electric light.—Dallas News.

The man with a pocketful of rocks  
can afford to throw stones.—Boston  
Transcript.

The shoemaker is a man who fre-  
quently gets "beaten out of his boots."  
—Statesman.

In baseball it does not follow that the  
heaviest nine will gravitate to the bot-  
tom.—Boston Transcript.

It's only in the order of events that  
when his best girl shakes a fellow he's  
rattled.—Philadelphia Times.

His Chance: Edith—"How cheap I  
feel!" Young Scapely—"Edith, will  
you be mine?"—Kate Field's Washing-  
ton.

Counting the chickens before they are  
hatched is the highest way of showing  
confidence in the reliability of the hen.  
—Baltimore American.

A man always knows what he would  
have done in another fellow's place, but  
the other fellow doesn't always believe  
it.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"Give me the treasury, please," he cried,  
To a maid with a dark brown curl;  
"I'll do it with pleasure, sir," she replied,  
For she was a telephone girl.  
—Washington Star.

A young woman who went out sailing  
at Atlantic City the other day described  
the bow and stern of the yacht as "the  
point and the blunt."—Philadelphia Rec-  
ord.

Edison has patented 600 inventions,  
but he has to slap at the summer fly just  
as vainly as anybody else. Genius can-  
not do everything.—Baltimore Ameri-  
can.

Gushing Girl—"Now, don't you put  
my name in your paper; don't you dare."  
Experienced Reporter—"Very well.  
How did you say you spell your name?"  
—Washington Star.

"Jack Wilkins broke his bicycle yester-  
day." "Lucky fellow," replied  
Willie Washington. "Mine is a wild as  
it was the first day I tried to ride it."  
—Washington Post.

Things one would rather have ex-  
pressed otherwise. (Lady Festus at  
home, 2 A. M.) Hostess—"Only just  
come, Sir George? How good of you to  
come so late!"—Punch.

"You can't claim," said the man who  
doesn't care for the rod and line, "that  
fishing affords exercise." "Oh, yes it  
does," was the reply; "for the imagina-  
tion."—Washington Star.

"The style of writing that you do  
must be very hard work." Herbert—  
"Well, it is; but what made you think  
of it?" Gladys—"Why, it makes me  
tired to read it."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

"Ah, Hardup! I hear your uncle is  
dead. Rather an eccentric man, Was  
he altogether right in his head?" "Well  
—I couldn't say, you know, till  
the will is read."—Boston Commercial-  
Bulletin.

Miss Thin—"Don't you think my new  
dress is just exquisite? They all say so."  
Fannie—"Oh, lovely! I think that  
dressmaker of yours could make a  
clothes-pole look quite graceful."—  
Brooklyn Eagle.

Tramp—"Madam, won't you please  
help a poor sick man?" Woman of  
House—"Why, you don't look sick."  
Tramp—"Yes I be, too, madam,"  
Woman of House—"What are you sick  
of?" Tramp—"Work."

A poor old toper, who was in the habit  
of getting lost on his way home, was  
asked how he could afford to keep the  
dog that was always with him. "That  
dog," he said, "not only boards himself  
but finds me."—Boston Post.



## SOME BEAR KILLINGS

### A CHOICE SPIRIT OF BRUIN HOLLOW TELLS OF TERRIFIC FIGHTS.

Death at the End of an Auger. Fisticuffs in Which a Big Bear was Drowned in His Own Gore. Valor that Suddenly Vanished.



IN the whole length and breadth of the lumber regions of Northern Pennsylvania, so they told me, there is no place which has had such a reputation for interlop and unrelenting bear hunters as Bruin Hollow.

Happening recently to be within 15 miles of that famous bear-hunting center, I drove to the hollow to feast my eyes on some of the stalwart sons of the forest whose recreation it was to make bruin hump himself and howl, and to give my ears the delectable duty of listening to them as they told their tales of valor and daring in chase and battle.

After getting tolerably well acquainted with the landlord of the dingy little tavern at the Hollow I said to him: "This is a famous spot for bear killing and bear killers, isn't it?" The landlord, a bewhiskered little old man in hickory overalls and shirt, and with a merry twinkle in his gray eye, threw up his hands and said:

WANTED TO HEAR A BEAR KILLED.

"B'ar! Why up to two weeks ago the b'ars that had been killed an' was bein' killed around here would a druv you wild. I've heerd more b'ar killed an' fit with fer the past five year than you could heap in a ten-acre lot. I'd heerd so many killed that I got a hankerin' so to see one mummixed around and raseed an' choked to death by some o' the b'ar killers that I couldn't hardly hold myself.

"Well, one night a couple o' weeks ago, Si Ainsley an' Joe Barnes an' Pete Fletcher an' Josh Mullin an' Josh Mullin's dog Tiger was settin' here killin' an clutchin' an', chokin' b'ar till it looked terrible skeery the way the b'ar howled an' the blood run. All o' them fellers is great b'ar killers, an' so is the dog. Si Ainsley he told how he met a big b'ar wunst up along the headwaters, an' had nothin' with him but a raffin' auger. The b'ar see Si and know'd him, an' tried his best to git away. But Si scooted around an' headed him off, an' kep' headin' him off till he run the b'ar up against a big oak tree, with a ledge o' rocks on both sides of it, an' the unfort'nit bruin had to stop an' taks his medicine.



THIS WAS A HORRIBLE KILLING.

"He backed up ag'in the tree and riz up on his ha'nches. That was just what Si wanted, an' he sa'ntered up and put the p'int of his auger ag'in the b'ar's chist. The auger was five foot long, an' ez the b'ar sparr'd an' spat at Si, tryin' to git a clip ag'in his head, Si jist quietly went to borin' inter the b'ar's chist. The auger worked so smooth that ol' bruin didn't know what was goin' on, an' when he did wake up to the situation it wa'n't no use. Si had bored clean through the b'ar an' a foot inter the tree, an' thar the b'ar was, pinned to the tree ez snug ez a shootin' match bill to a barn door. He cudden't git away, an' Si went over to Bill's camp an' got a gun an' came back an' stopped the b'ar's howlin' by puttin' a few clugs inter his brain. Durned if it didn't make me shudder all over to hear Si kill that b'ar!

"Well, Pete Fletcher he killed a couple o' b'ar that night, too. His'n was slaughtered up on Injun Knob, jist beyent here a piece. Pete he was out lookin' fer b'ar, an' had his gun with him to use in case he got in close quarters. He had got on the p'int o' the knob when two slambastin' b'ars jumped out o' the brush not more than two rod ahead of him. Pete was after b'ar skins more than b'ar meat an'

seem' that these two had coats on worth swappin' like \$40 pervidin' they wa'n't all riddled with bullets an' cut an' slashed with knives, he decided to gether the two bruins in with hull pelts by strategy.

"Pete said the b'ars must a be'n strangers in these parts, fer they didn't seem to reco'nize him, an' stid o' tryin' to get away, they squared off fer fight. Pete laid down his gun, an' took his knife out of his belt and laid that down, fer fear he mowt fergit hisself an' use it on the b'ars an' damage their skin. One b'ar was bigger'n t'other un, an' the biggest un stepped out to try what there was in Pete. The b'ar riz up on its hinders, an' Pete he trotted straight fer him, actin' ez if he was gointer ketch him by the neck. That fooled the b'ar, an' he waited fer Pete to pitch in an' grab him.

"But Pete know'd a trick worth two o' that, an' jist ez he got within reach o' the b'ar he give a sudden duck with his head an' shot forr'd to'ard the ground, head fust. He ketched the b'ar full tilt betwixt the flanks with his head, an' the b'ar was h'isted over on his snoot on the ground quicker'n a flash o' lightnin'. He fell like a tree, an' w'ile he was thinkin' up what had struck him, Pete was on his feet ag'in. T'other b'ar now rushed forr'd to take a hand in. Pete stooped down an' grabbed the big b'ar by one hind leg, an' swingin' him round his head a couple o' times, jist swep' him ag'in t'other b'ar's head an' knocked that b'ar offen his pins, an' lauded him more'n 20 feet away, ag'in a big tree, breakin' his neck like a pipe stem. The concussion was a leetle to heavy fer the big b'ar, too, an' ez Pete laid him back on the ground he give a gasp or two an' quit livin'. Pete killed them two b'ar so quick an' clean, not spillin' any blood nor leavin' any smell o' burnt powder, th't I didn't shudder much over it, but it made me breathe hard.

"But you orter heerd Joe Barnes kill his b'ar that night! It didn't seem to me as if I'd ever be able to get the blood scrubbed outen the room here Joe's the savagest an' unfeelinest feller that I ever heerd kill a b'ar in my life. This here night he was gore from head to foot. A b'ar had come outen the woods inter a lumber camp whar Joe was workin', an' war foolish enough to

slouch along ez impident ez a lightnin' rod peddler, not more'n three hundred yards from whar Joe was. When a b'ar gits ez nigh ez thiet to Joe, Joe says, that b'ar's lamp o' life is jist ez good ez run out of oil."

"Joe see this sassy b'ar slouchin' by, an' grabbin' a butcher knife he started arter it to larn it some manners. He kitched up with the b'ar an' pitched inter it. The fust slash he made with the knife Joe slit a hole in the b'ar's throat, an' the blood spurted out like water outen a rain spout. In less than a second Joe looked ez if he'd ben doused inter his ol' woman's madder kittle from head to toe. To cap it all, the b'ar give a lurch an' sent Joe's knife flyin' clean outen reach. Then Joe had to pitch in with his fists. Every time he'd clip the b'ar one on the snoot the blood'd fly like chuck'in a stone in a mud puddle. Every time the b'ar'd give Joe a clip the blood'd fly outen him jist ez bad, so that betwixt the spoutin' blood from the hole in the b'ar's throat an' the flyin' blood from the b'ar's nose an' from Joe's nose it looked ez if they'd be stompin' round fore long knee deep in gore, unless one or t'other on 'em either give up the ghost or took to his heels."

"Joe said they'd a ben doin' of it, anyhow, if it hadn't a ben that whar they fit a tree had blown down, leavin' a hole four foot deep whar its roots had ben. Arter they had fit for 10 or 15 minutes, an' the b'ar were ez good ez when he started, while Joe was weakenin', Joe happened to diskiver that the blood that they was shedin', had run inter that hole in the ground an' filled it half full. That was a lucky hitch fer Joe, fer when he see that orful pool o' blood an' idee hit him.

"He was weakenin' fast, an' in five minutes more he'd be a gonner if his idee didn't work. So he raseed the b'ar over to'ards the hole, an' callin' up all his strenth, toppled bruin over head first inter the pool. Then he grabbed the b'ar by his hind legs an' held his head under fer five minutes, an' drowned the ol' cuss in his own blood! Whew! Ez Joe Barnes was killin' that b'ar I clumb up on the table yunder, fearin' that I mowt be swep' away by that stream of gore! It was orful.

"Then Josh Mullen he had a nar' scape from bein' clawed up by four b'ars, an' all that saved him was his dog Tiger. Tiger diskivered the b'ars first, an' fer all that Josh could do he jumped in an' tackled one an' shet off its wind fore it could say boo. While Tiger was makin' mince meat o' his b'ar one o' t'other uns run ag'in Josh, throwed him, and was chawin' away at his arm when Tiger pitched in an' tackled the b'ar. Then another b'ar jined in the muss, an' Josh, layin' on his back, clutched that b'ar so that his eyes bulged out on his cheeks. The fourth b'ar couldn't hold hisself back any longer, an' took a hand in the quarrel. Pete said that, layin' thar an' lookin' up, all he could see was b'ar a prancin' over him in the air, an'

Tiger a tearin' of 'em till meat was flyin' about as if a sassage machine run by hoss power was working amongst 'em.

"While Josh and Tiger was havin' that terrible circus with the b'ars I went out on the stoop yender, an' when I come back I left the door open. Josh an' Tiger was still tearin' away at them b'ars the orfullest kind.

"Ez Joe was tellin' how Tiger was jist killin' the last one, what should walk in at the door I had left open but a sure-enough b'ar. Tiger, th' b'ar-tearin' dog smelt him fust, an' jumpin' up went kersmash through that winder yender. Josh Mullen follered him, takin' sash an' all. Joe Barnes fell over two cheers gittin' to the door an' out of it, an' went up the road yellin' like a painter. Si Ainsley follered him, an' Pete Fletcher tore up stairs an' hid under a bed.

"Well, now, I was to'able su'prised, 'cause when that b'ar came in the room I says to myself, 'Now, thin,' says I, 'I've heerd heaps o' b'ar killed, an' now I'll see one done up, sure,' says I. So I was a good deal disap'inted, an'



WENT INTO HIM HEADFIRST.

takin' holt o' the b'ar, which was a tame yearlin' I had horried from Jim Plunket, I led him back to his coop.

"Since that night," concluded the landlord, his gray eyes twinkling, "I hain't heerd a b'ar slaughtered anywhere in Bruin Hollow."—Ed Mott, in Pittsburg (Pa.) Dispatch.

## WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

THE City of Mexico will have a special exhibit at the World's Fair.

GERMANY will be represented at the Columbian Exposition as it never has been at any previous international exposition.

THE Pilot Commission of New York has decided to make an exhibit at the World's Fair in the Transportation department.

THE old whaling bark "Progress," with its extensive museum of marine curios and relics of whaling voyages, is now in the harbor at Chicago, and is being visited by hundreds of people.

WILLIAM L. LAFOLLETTE, Superintendent of the World's Fair agricultural exhibit for the State of Washington, is arranging for a complete model farm in miniature for the Washington exhibit.

It is announced that the Postmaster-General of the United States has decided to issue a new series of postage stamps, with designs appropriate to the commemoration of the discovery of America.

HR LUNG, the wealthiest Chinese merchant in Chicago, together with several influential Chinese of Canton, San Francisco and New York, have applied for space at the World's Fair for a big tea house.

NEW YORK will exhibit at the World's Fair sections of all the trees which are indigenous to the State. Of these there are forty-three species and eighty-five varieties, a number which is not excelled, it is claimed, in any State in the Union.

PROFESSOR PUTNAM and his assistants, while engaged in collecting material for the ethnological exhibit at the World's Fair, have made a very important archeological discovery near Fort Ancient, Ohio. It is that of a serpent mound 1000 feet long and about ten feet thick.

NEW YORK will have a large exhibit of interesting historical relics at the World's Fair. Among them will be Washington relics, autographs of all the Presidents, autographs of the signers of the declaration of independence and famous men of the revolutionary war; portraits of famous citizens of New York, including those of all the Governors; model of Fulton's steamboat, and many other relics dating back to revolutionary times.

THE World's Fair buildings will be dedicated on the 21st of October instead of the 12th, Congress having passed a bill to that effect. October 21 is the exact anniversary of Columbus's landing, allowance being made for the correction in the calendar made by Pope Gregory. The change of the date of dedication was made in the interest of chronological accuracy, and also to oblige New York City, which will have a Columbian celebration on October 12.

"MARSHALL'S GOLD NUGGET" will be exhibited at the World's Fair by California, and it is safe to say that thousands will consider it one of the most interesting of the innumerable objects which will be displayed at the great Exposition. This is the identical nugget which Marshall picked up in the American River, February 16, 1848, when selecting a site for Sutter's mill, and which constituted the first discovery of gold in California. The nugget is about the size of a lima bean, and, on account of its associations and the almost incalculable wealth and development which have resulted from its finding, is regarded as an almost priceless treasure.

THERE ought to be an amendment to the constitution so that Presidential nominations can be made in cool weather, even if the voting has to be done when it is hot. The people could stand one day better than the delegates can the three or four they have to spend in trying at the same time to escape sunstroke and nominate a President.

THE aged King and Queen of Denmark, following the wise of their subjects, recently placed on exhibition the magnificent gifts which they received at the celebration of their golden wedding. Almost one hundred thousand people took advantage of the opportunity.

## THE REALM OF FASHION

### WHAT TO WEAR AND HOW THEY MAKE IT.

Fashion is About to Rebel Against the Street Sweeping Trails.



GOOD taste is so strongly in revolt against the nasty style of wearing a train upon street dresses that although women are very submissive to the orders of costume designers, it is quite likely that the decree will soon go forth from social leaders that bell skirts must be the only wear and they must absolutely clear the ground.

The season is now too far advanced for the introduction of any novelties. The summer girl must be content with the picturesque effects which she can attain by the use of wide folded sashes, Swiss bolos and deep corselets. It is usual to have the



AN EXQUISITE INDOOR TOILET.

sash or corselet match the skirt. The wise maiden will be careful how she wears a blouse finished in sailor style with singlet. Only a very shapely and smooth white neck can stand such a garment. She had better make choice of a style less trying, say corselet, belt and collar to match, covered with lace. For instance, take the charming blouse pictured in my initial, the material being a striped and dotted satin merveilleux, trimmed with crocheted lace of an ecru tone. This blouse should be made up over a fitted lining, the latter being cut away under the lace yoke.

You can't get a prettier gown for this time of the year than a crepon. For a young lady, a pink tone, if becoming, may be charmingly set off by the string-colored Irish lace now so much in vogue; the skirt being finished with a silk ruche.



THE DANCING FAD.

It is wonderful what a hold white has on popularity, so much so that many women wear it who should leave it severely alone. White is a most trying color, not only for the complexion, but for the figure; and yet when you do see the best figure for a white gown, namely: tall and slender, wearing a white foulard trimmed with ficlu and epaulets of lace, you can't help being delighted with it. It makes an ensemble of such charming purity and perfection.

The exquisite indoor toilet shown in the picture is in pompadour foulard, made princess. The bottom of the skirt has a flounce of the material box-pleated and covered, with lace headed by a narrow pleated silk band with bows set as indicated, they being trimmed with lace. The bodice is covered with lace which forms very small basques. There is a draped effect in foulard on the corsage and ribbon braces.

Already plans are maturing as to what we shall do this winter. What novelties shall we have. What will be the latest fad, the newest sensation? As you have doubtless heard, we have taken to skirt dancing. I don't mean that skirt dancing has superseded the waltz or even the lancers, but that certain fashionable ladies have discovered that they can do a skirt dance quite as well as the professionals, and they take the opportunity offered by private theatricals and home entertainments to exhibit their gracefulness. I hardly think, however, that our

young married ladies or even our single ones will take up skirt-dancing seriously. They will most probably let the children have the monopoly. Anyway, it will be a pleasant diversion for little maids, and in some cases quite worth seeing, for children take to dancing very naturally, their slender, lithe figures fitting them particularly well for it. In the illustration is presented a spirited sketch of a skirt dancer. Of course much depends upon the costume and upon the colored lights thrown upon the performer. The accordion skirt has usually been made use of for parlor entertainments, but whatever style of skirt is chosen the greatest care should be taken in the selections and make-up for the underskirts. They should be filmy and delicate and clinging, following the motion of the limbs like white crested waves.

The illustration represents a very charming gown in gaudied crepe in a shade of heliotrop, the stripes being velvety and reddish brown. The yoke is of guipure of old lace color, embroidered with gold. The dress must be lined with changeable taffeta and there must be a balayouse. The corsage hooks at the back. This is a very original and striking gown, but to bring out all its possibilities the draping must be artistically done, making use of a dress form for that purpose.

White is everywhere and especially with variations in ecru and creamy tones. As for the rage in scarlet and crimson which was predicted early in the season on account of their success in the old world, it has not come, the reason no doubt being that with our almost tropical sun, the glare would be too trying, both to the wearer and the looker-on.

A very piquant toilet for a garden party is the one shown in the picture, the material being white foulard set off with a lace bertha. Above the latter there is a yoke of pleated lace. There is a garniture about the sleeves which would be very becoming



A CALLING COSTUME.

to some young girls. The belt and the bottom of the skirt are trimmed with white velvet ribbon. This make-up could be applied to many other materials; for instance, to a stamped veiling, blue ground with white flowerets, and trimmed with white lace.

The woman of fashion is no doubt regretting that she can't make her sleeves so wide that she would require a seat in the cars all



A PRETTY GOWN.

to herself. There is no telling what width sleeves will attain by the end of the season. It is the only portion of her costume that admits of exaggerated size, and she is determined to make the most of it. Hats, too, will increase their proportions as summer draws to a close, and the dahlias, peonies, hollyhocks and August flowers will come in for their brief day of favor, only to give place to fruit and grain during the supplemental season, which has now become the thing to pass in quiet mountain towns so that the devotee of fashion may recover from the strain and drag of the season before she goes back to town.

The illustration shows a charming calling costume in pink silk or crepon with a guipure plastron, having the form of a yoke-front and back. The crossed ribbons meet at a point in the back. There is a ribbon bracelet at the elbow and deep lace cuffs. The plastron should be gathered on a straight collar.

A YOUNG Chicago merchant while in San Francisco had his pocket picked of \$20. He pounced on the thieves, demanded his money back, and got it. Then he insisted on \$10 extra to pay him for his trouble, and got that also. The incident will afford esteemed Eastern contemporaries another chance to say something about "Chicago greed."



# THE ITEM

NEW OXFORD, PA.  
FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 6, 1892.

**GUARANTEED CURE.**—We authorize our  
advised physician to all Dr. King's New  
Discovery for consumption, coughs and  
colds, upon this condition: If you are af-  
fected with a cough, cold or any lung  
trouble or chest trouble, and will use this  
remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial,  
and experience no benefit, you may return  
the bottle and have your money refunded.  
We could not make this offer did we not  
know that Dr. King's New Discovery could  
be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial  
bottles free at Dick's drug store. Large  
size 50c. and \$1.

The steamship Moravia, which arrived at  
New York last Monday from Hamburg,  
with immigrants and freight, had 22 deaths  
on the passage. The ship's doctor says they  
were all cases of cholera. Two of those  
who died were adults and 20 were chil-  
dren. All the immigrants on the Moravia  
were found to be in good health except  
three children with measles. The health  
officers of New York city declare that no  
cholera exists in that city. The city au-  
thorities in New York are taking every  
precaution to prevent the cholera getting a  
foothold there. The national government  
is also acting promptly. No vessel from a  
foreign port carrying immigrants will be  
allowed to enter any port in this country  
until after 20 days' quarantine.

**A LEADER.**—Since its first introduction,  
Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in pop-  
ular favor, until now it is clearly in the  
lead among pure medicinal tonics and al-  
teratives—containing nothing which per-  
mits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it  
is recognized as the best and purest medi-  
cine for all ailments of stomach, liver and  
kidneys.—It will cure sick headache, indi-  
gestion, constipation, and drive malaria  
from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed  
with each bottle or the money will be  
refunded. Price only 50c. per bottle. Sold  
by J. W. Dicks.

Architects are making plans for two ho-  
tels of about 100 rooms each to be erected  
just inside the millyard at Munhall sta-  
tion, near Homestead, for the use of single  
employees of the Carnegie company. The  
buildings will be fitted with all conveni-  
ces.

Arnica & Oil Liniment is equally good  
for man and beast. 25 and 50 cents per bot-  
tle.

During last week there were 2,837 cases  
of cholera in the city of Hamburg, 1,087 of  
which were fatal.

Nearly one thousand houses, including  
the government buildings, have been burn-  
ed at Borissow, in Russia.

Thousands walk the earth to-day who  
would be sleeping in its bosom but for the  
timely use of Down's Elixir.

A railway train has arrived in Jerusalem  
from Jaffa, the railway between those two  
cities having been completed.

Blinders are never used in Russia, and  
shying horses are unknown there.

The death of a child from a fly sting is  
reported from Reamstown, Berks county.  
The victim was Carrie, a six year old daugh-  
ter of John Gueninger. A few days ago she  
was bitten by a dragon fly. The spot at  
once became red and slightly swollen, but  
it was not at first supposed that this betok-  
ened any danger. Later, however, the  
swelling gradually spread defying all efforts  
to check it. The child became feverish and  
suffered excruciating pain. The arm that  
was bitten began to mortify, blood poison-  
ing set in, which was followed by death.

For a mild cathartic and efficient tonic,  
use Baxter's Mandrake Bitters. Every bot-  
tle warranted.

John Skinner, a farm laborer, killed his  
employer, George Feetner, of Steubenville,  
Ohio, Friday, in consequence of quarrels,  
and he so killed Feetner's wife and moth-  
er-in-law, concluding by shooting him-  
self.

Twenty-five miners were killed and eight  
others seriously injured by a fire damp in the  
Agraffie coal mines in Hainault, Thursday.

**DEFERRING PRAISE.**—We desire to say  
to our citizens, that for years we have been  
selling Dr. King's New Life Pills, Buck-  
len's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and  
have never handled remedies that sell as  
well, or have given such universal satisfac-  
tion. We do not hesitate to guarantee  
them every time, and we stand ready to re-  
fund the purchase price, if satisfactory re-  
sults do not follow their use. These reme-  
dies have won their great popularity pure-  
ly on their merits. J. W. Dicks, druggist.

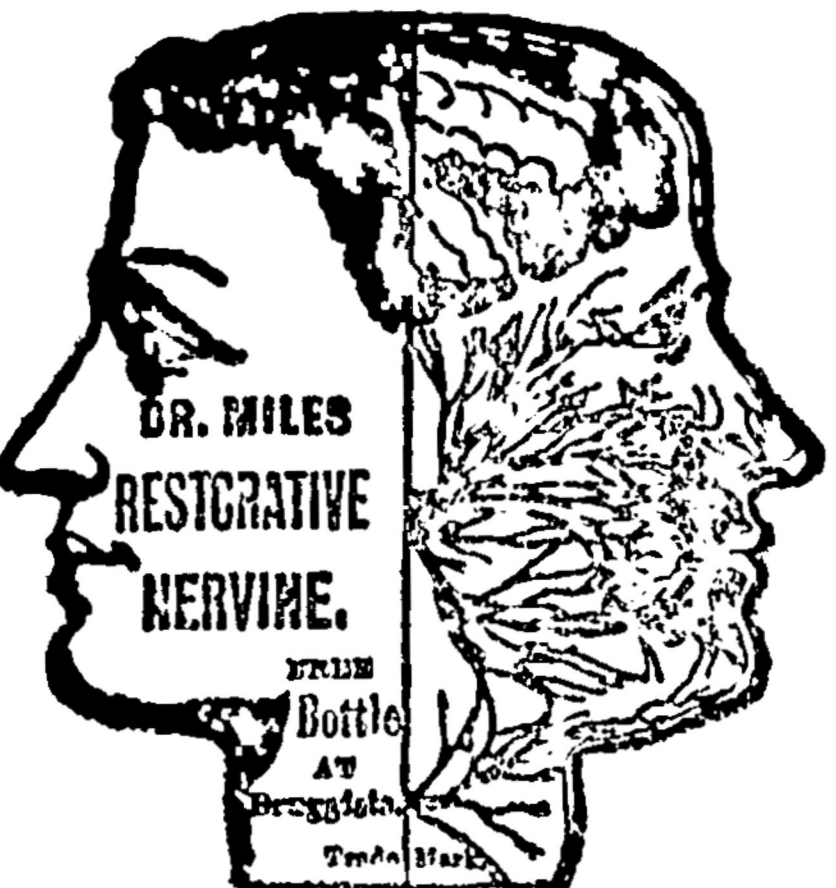
A Cholera scare has reached the Ameri-  
can side of the Atlantic. Starting in Asia  
and Russia the cholera has gradually been  
moving westward having touched Antwerp,  
Hamburg and Paris, and it is reported  
there is danger of it being brought here on  
emigrant vessels that have just left Ham-  
burg and Antwerp. Our country has been  
spared the devastation of this scourge for  
quite a long time, but vigilance will need  
to be exercised now to prevent it from  
getting a hold on some of our seaports.

Look out for the man who advertises  
that on payment of fifty cents he will tell  
you how to make one cent stamps do the  
work of two cent stamps. If you send him  
your fifty cents you will get the following  
answer by return mail. Use two of them.

Livery stable keepers should always keep  
Arnica & Oil Liniment in the stable, not  
ing like it for horses.

Nancy Hanks added a shining star to her  
crown Wednesday when she trotted on the  
kite track at Independence, Iowa, in the  
unprecedented time of 2:04, cutting two  
seconds off her Chicago mark made on a  
regulation track two weeks before. Nancy  
Hanks is a bay mare, six years old, 14  
hands high. She was sired by Happy Me-  
dium, out of a Dictator mare. She is own-  
ed by J. Malcolm Forbes, of Boston, who  
purchased her last year for \$35,000.

**BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.**—The Best  
Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores,  
tetter, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped  
hands, ulcers, chilblains, corns, and all skin  
eruptions, and positively cures piles or no  
pay required. It is guaranteed to give  
perfect satisfaction, or money refunded.  
Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. W.  
Dicks.



**DR. MILES' NERVINE**  
There is nothing like the **RESTORATIVE NERVINE** discovered by the great specialist, **DR. MILES**, to cure all nervous diseases, as Headache, the Chills, Nervous Prostration, Sleeplessness, Neuralgia, St. Vitus, Dance, Fits and Hysteria. Many physicians testify to its efficacy, and say the results are wonderful. We have hundreds of testimonials like those from druggists. "We have never known anything like it," says J. C. Symonds, N. Y. "Every bottle I sell brings words of praise." J. G. Wolf, Hillsdale, Mich. "The best seller we ever had." Woodworth & Co., Fort Wayne, Ind. "Nervine sells better than anything we ever had." H. F. Wyatt & Co., Concord, N. H. Trial bottle and book of testimonials free at druggists.  
**DR. MILES' MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.**  
**TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.**

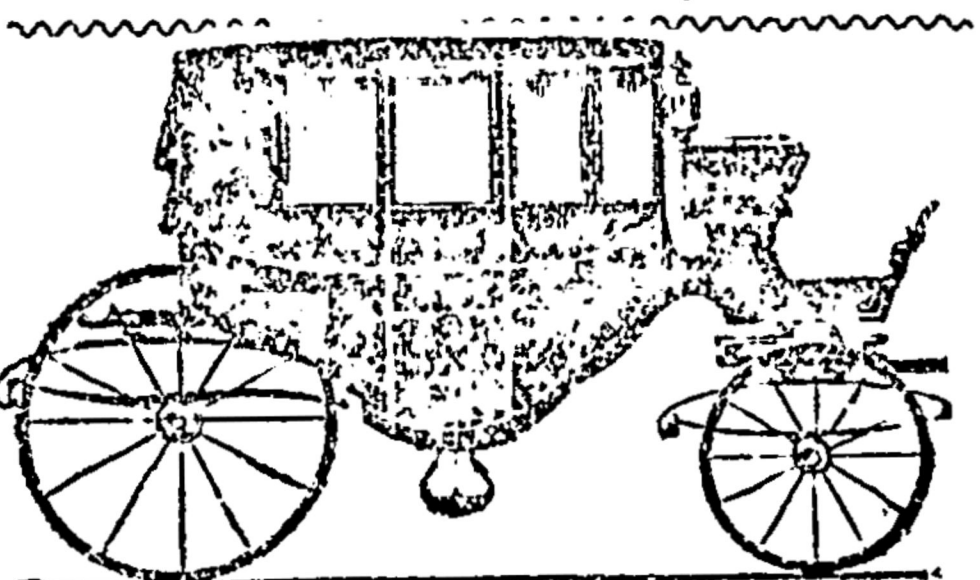
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An Invigorating Tonic for strengthening the weak, purifying the blood, clearing the complexion and inducing the rosy bloom of health to the cheek. Pleasant to the taste and a favorite with ladies. Prepared only by **The Dr. J. H. McLean Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo.**

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LITTLESTOWN, PA.



The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the public generally to the fact that he has been carrying on the business of manufacturing carriages, &c., for the last 17 years (most successfully), and that he is now prepared better than ever to furnish in his line whatever may be wanted. He has constantly on hand a large assortment of

*Fine Carriages, "top and Extension  
Tops, for 1 or 2 horses,  
Fine Top and Open Buggies,  
Dayton Wagons, Both in natural wood  
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Phaetons, Road Wagons, Spindle  
Wagons, Carts, Cutters, &c.*

Has always on hand a large lot of **SECOND-HAND WORK** Will have a fine lot of

**Portland and Sweled Body Cutters,**  
home-made; also, some Cheap Cutters. Give me a call; will guarantee to show largest stock and best assortment of work in Adams county. Prices low. **REPAIRING** done promptly. All new work warranted.

**S. D. Mehring, Prop'r.**

**GO TO—  
J. H. PAU,  
Littlestown, Pa., for your  
MONUMENTS, &c.**

I am at all times prepared to furnish  
the most beautiful **MONUMENTS, TOMB-  
STONES, LINTELS, DOOR SILLS, &c.,** at  
Bargains.

My work extends all through Carroll  
and Frederick counties, Md., and Ad-  
ams and York counties, Pa. I guar-  
antee my prices and work to suit all  
persons; call and examine and satisfy  
yourself. All orders promptly attend-  
ed to Work delivered free. Yards  
on Frederick Street, Littlestown,

**CLOTHING SALE.**

February 1st we began to close out our  
**OVERCOATS & WINTER SUITS**  
at a big Sacrifice. This sale will  
continue until March 1st.

The place is

**J. H. MYERS,**  
GETTYSBURG'S

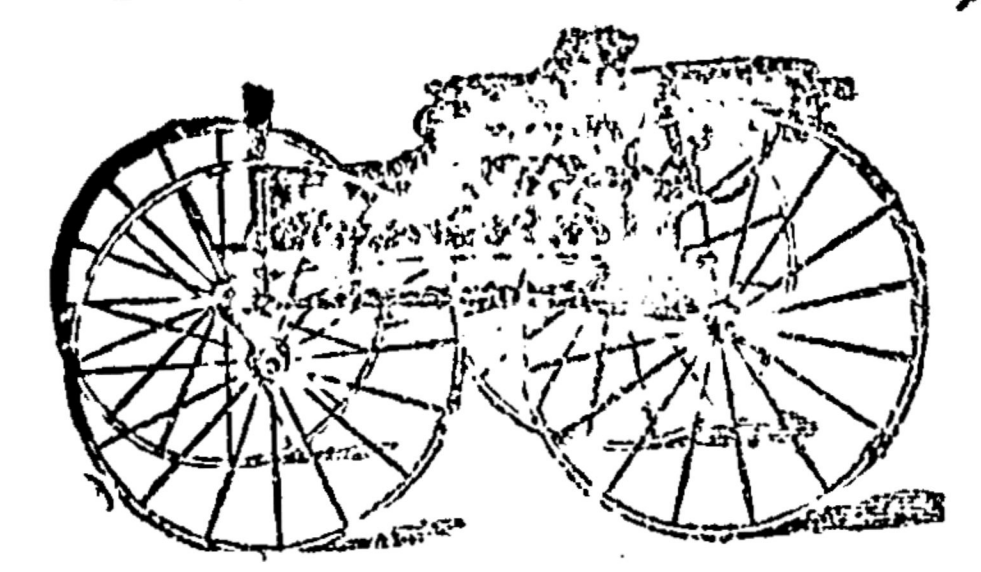
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Gents' Furnisher,  
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**GEORGE L. COLESTOCK**, offers his service  
to the public as Auctioneer. Charges mod-  
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**BLANK RECEIPTS**  
for sale cheap at this office.

**JOHN G. KRETZ,**



—MANUFACTURER—  
Buggies, Phaetons, Surries, Exten-  
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Wagons, Platform Wag-  
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Repairing promptly done promptly at  
reasonable prices. Agent for  
*Anti-Rattler and Shaft Support.*  
Shops on Peters Street,  
**NEW OXFORD, PA.**

**S. Morgan Smith & Sons'**  
**Snow** *CHEAPER than  
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**Drift**  
*Better than  
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Has immense sales wherever introduc-  
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Z. H. Cashman's Warehouse,  
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A. Sheely's Warehouse,  
**NEW OXFORD, PA.**

The highest cash will be paid for  
prime grain, delivered at the mill near  
East Berlin, Pa.

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IN  
Men's and Boys' Shirts, Collars, Ties,  
Suspenders, Men's and Ladies' Stock-  
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Shoes, Oil-cloth, a full line  
of Notions, &c. A 10  
cent fast black stock-  
ing—can't be beat.

A full assortment of Groceries, To-  
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Flour and Feed of all kinds very cheap.

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or anything furnished by a Printing  
Office, printed in a neat and clean style  
at the **ITEM Job Printing Office.** Our  
prices are the lowest. **TRY US!**  
We guarantee satisfaction. Orders by  
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as an advertising medium, cannot be  
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Try it and be convinced of its merits.

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Having on hand a complete line of Furniture,  
consisting of

Chamber Suits, Beds,  
Springs, Mattresses,  
Lounges, Chairs,  
Sideboards,  
Sinks,

&c. &c. I respectfully invite the attention of  
all parties wishing to purchase goods to call  
and see my stock before purchasing. As I am  
also prepared to attend to

**"UNDERTAKING"**  
in all its various branches, at any time called  
upon.  
Respectfully,  
**J. A. YOHE, Hampton, Pa.**

**Spring Announcement!**

**CARVIER & LITTLE,**

The leading **MERCHANT TAILORS** and **READYMADE CLOTHIERS**, now show a  
handsome assortment of Worsteds, Cassimers, Cheviots, Spring Suitsings, Trous-  
erings, &c.—We have the first line of \$5 trouserings ever shown in any mar-  
ket, and we guarantee a first class fit on every garment made to order.—We  
also have a full line of Children's, Boys' and Men's Suits, at the very lowest  
prices, and a large stock of Men's Furnishing Goods. In the Dry Goods De-  
partment, we show many late novelties, besides a full line of Bedford Cords,  
Serges, Henriettas, Cashmeres, Albatross, Biarritz Cloths, &c., and an elegant  
line of Dress silks, also Plain and Plaid Surahs.—We have a large stock of  
Homemade Ingrain, Tapestry and Body Brussels Carpets, which we are selling  
cheap. Do not fail to examine our stock before purchasing.

**CARVIER & LITTLE,**  
Broadway & Fountain Square, HANOVER, PA.

**SEWING MACHINES,**  
ORGANS, GUITARS, BANJOS, VIOLINS,  
ACCORDEONS, MANDOLINS, AUTOHARPS,  
VIOLONCELLOS, HARMONICAS,

and in fact anything that is found in a first class music store can be had at  
very low prices at the **NEW OXFORD MUSIC STORE.**

Pianos, Organs, and Sewing Machines tuned, cleaned and repaired.  
Instrumental music taught at reasonable rates.

**O. A. SMITH, AGENT.**  
Hanover Street, NEW OXFORD, PA.

**SHEELY & BRO.**

**THE OLD RELIABLE,**

who are always at the bottom in prices no  
matter where others are. All the new  
Spring Goods on hand  
Wool taken in exchange for goods.

**PRICES WAY DOWN!**

**NEW BELLE SYRUP** - only 40c. per gallon.

**150 Test Coal Oil** at 13c. per gallon.

**Fresh Oysters and Ice Cream** to-morrow even-  
ing at Theo. E. Warner's.

**P. S.**—Don't forget to try the new syrup—the  
finest in town.

**POWELL'S**  

For a full and complete  
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to us at our office, or  
send for a copy of our  
catalogue, which will  
be sent to you free of  
charge.

**PURE  
DISSOLVED  
SOUTH  
CAROLINA  
BONE**  

For a full and complete  
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to us at our office, or  
send for a copy of our  
catalogue, which will  
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charge.

**\$12.00 a ton**  

For a full and complete  
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**HORNER'S ABSOLUTELY  
Pure Animal Bone  
FERTILIZERS, FOR  
All Crops and Permanent Grass.**

**WARRANTED IN THE FULL PRICE OF THE GOODS.**  
Higher in Essential Qualities than any other Goods on the Market.  
WE WILL SELL EITHER BY ANALYSIS, OR WEIGHT.  
PREFERABLY THE FORMER WAY.

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—FASHIONABLE—  
**BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.**  
Shampooing and dyeing done in the finest  
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